



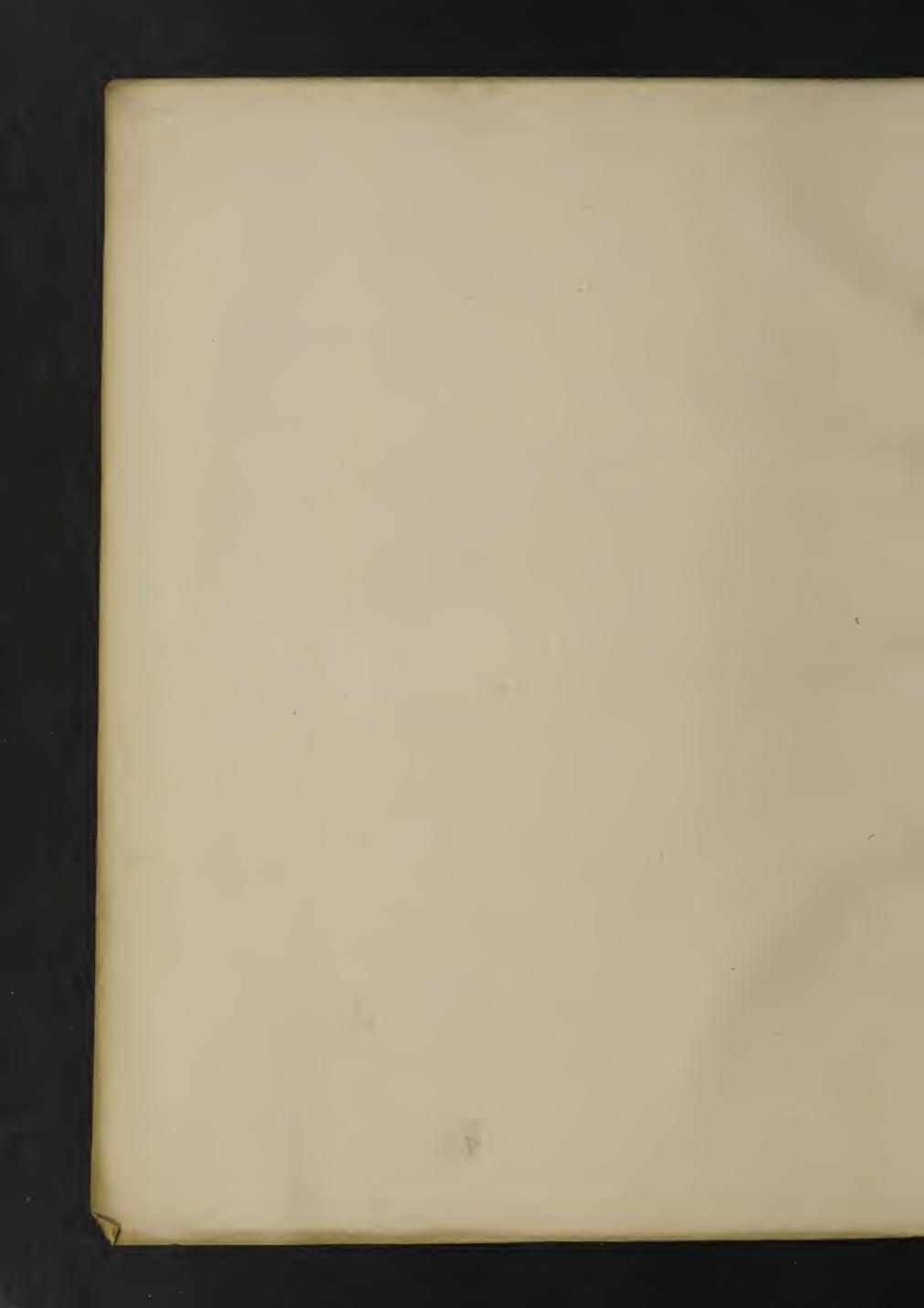


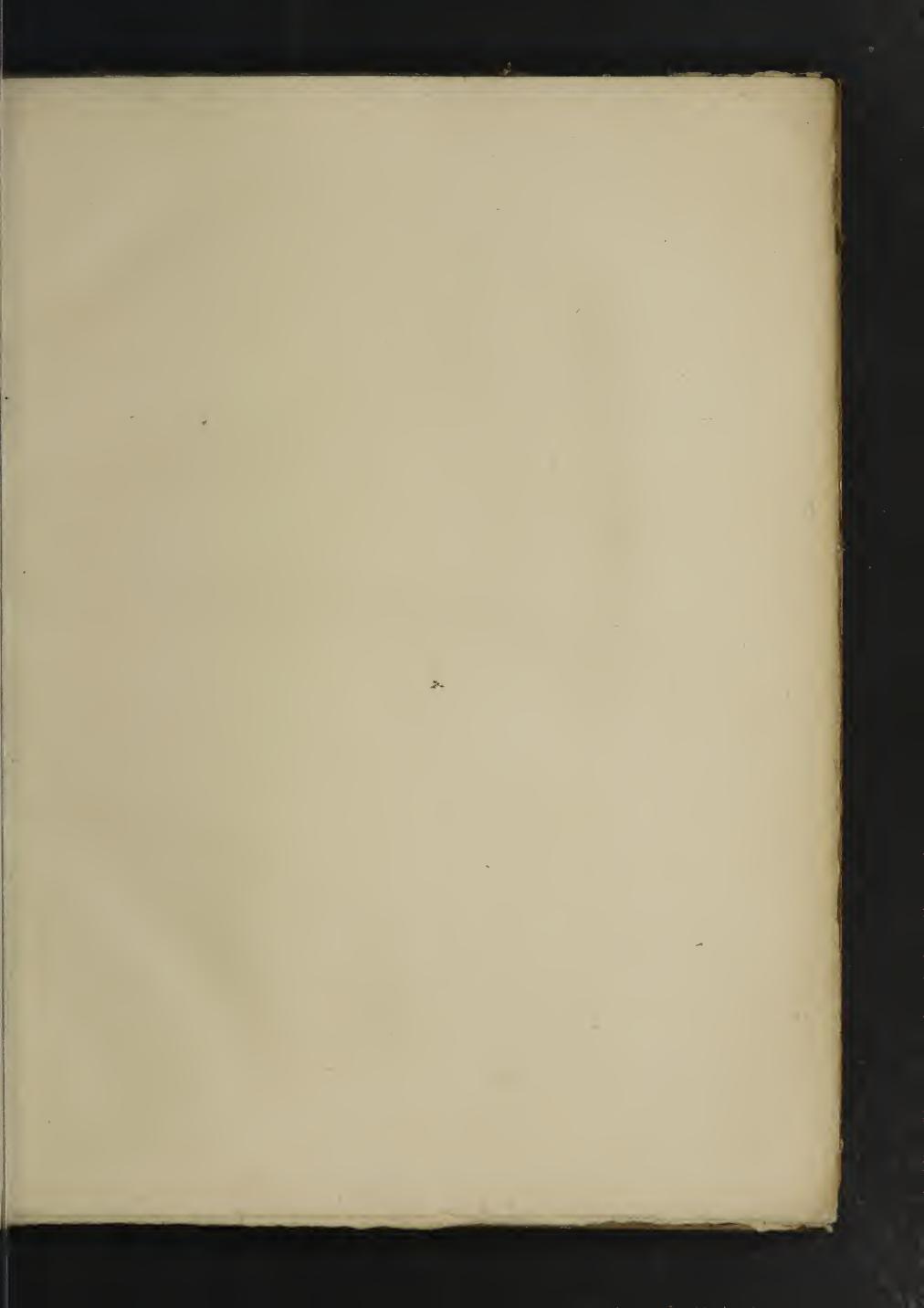


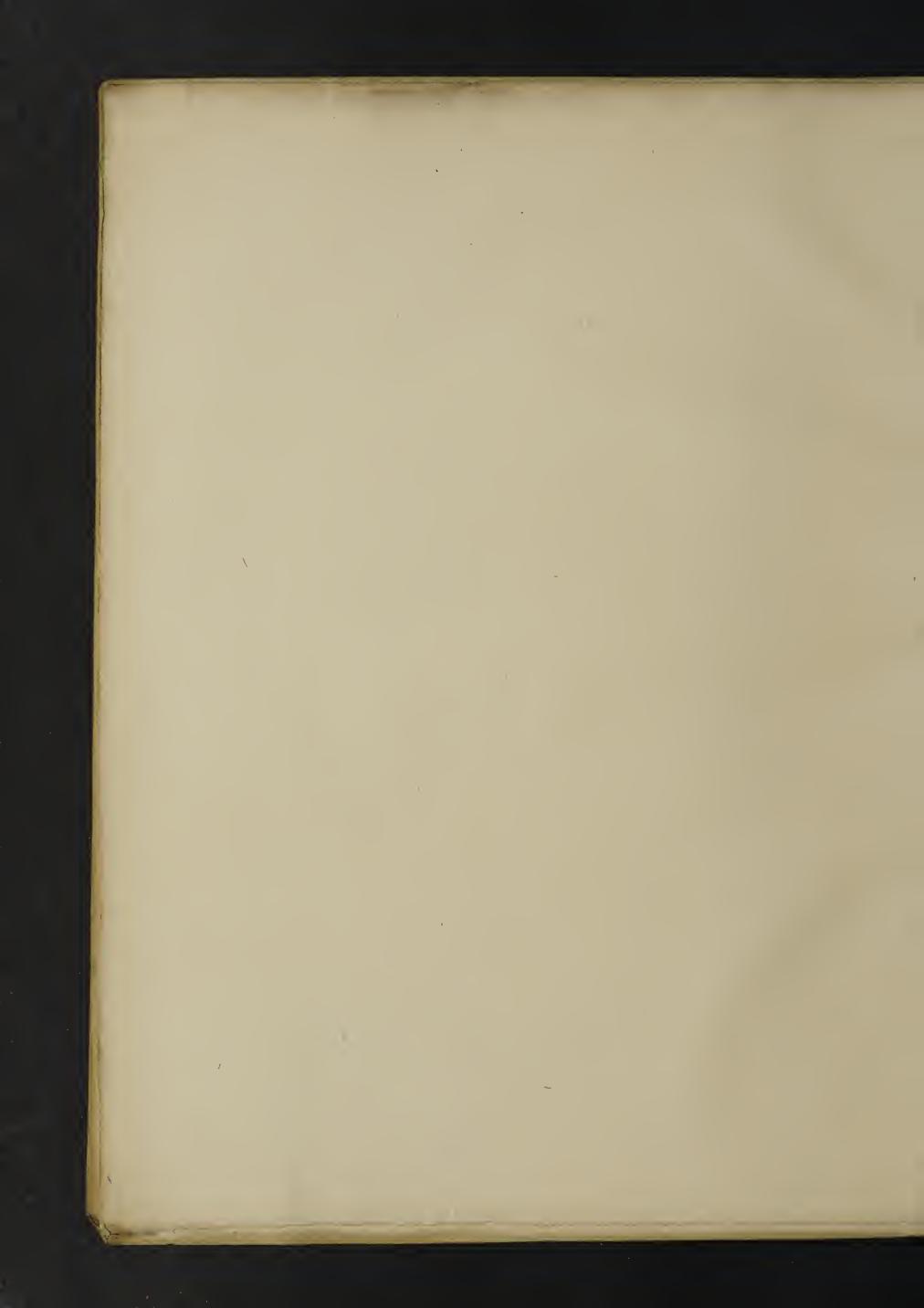


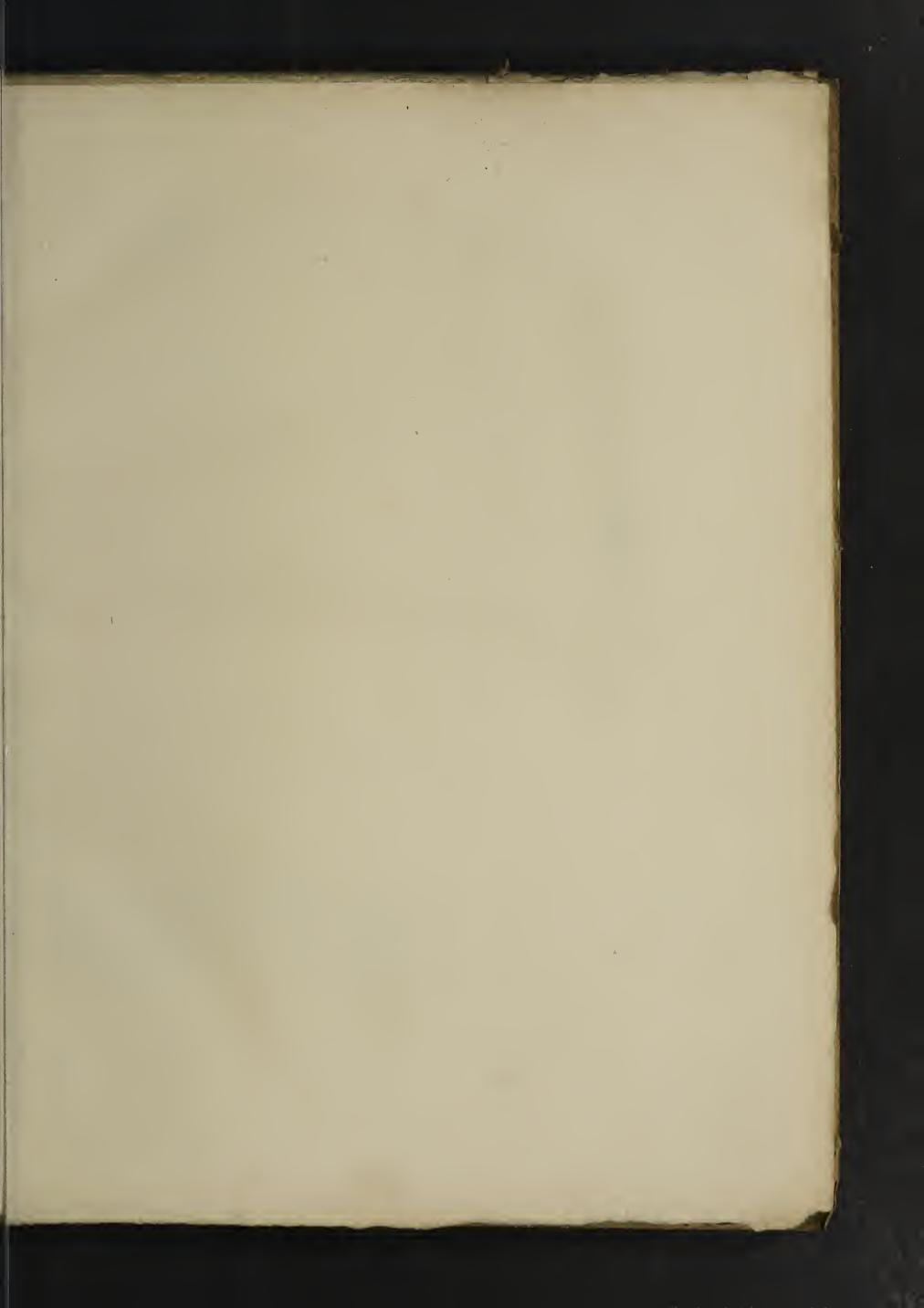
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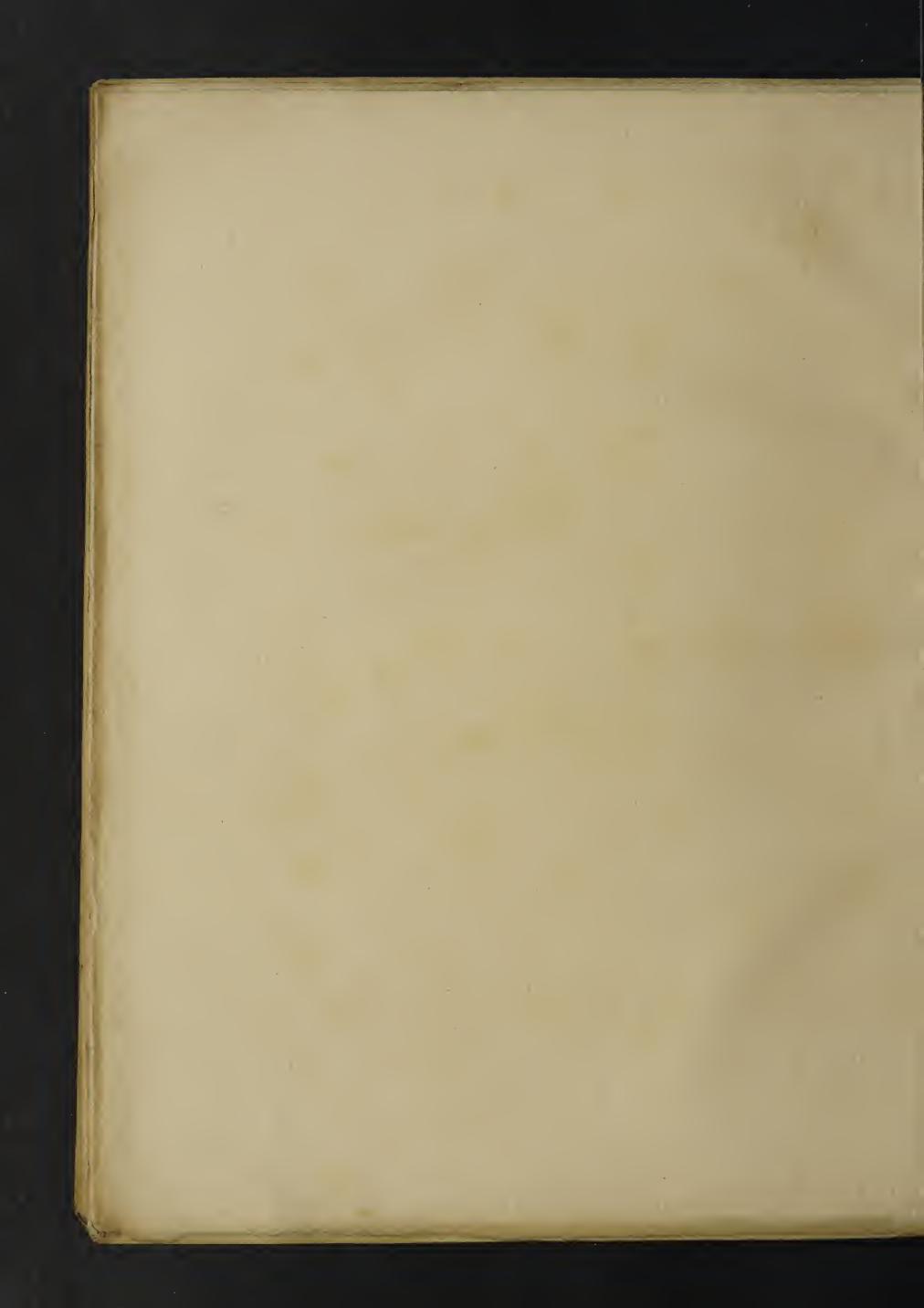
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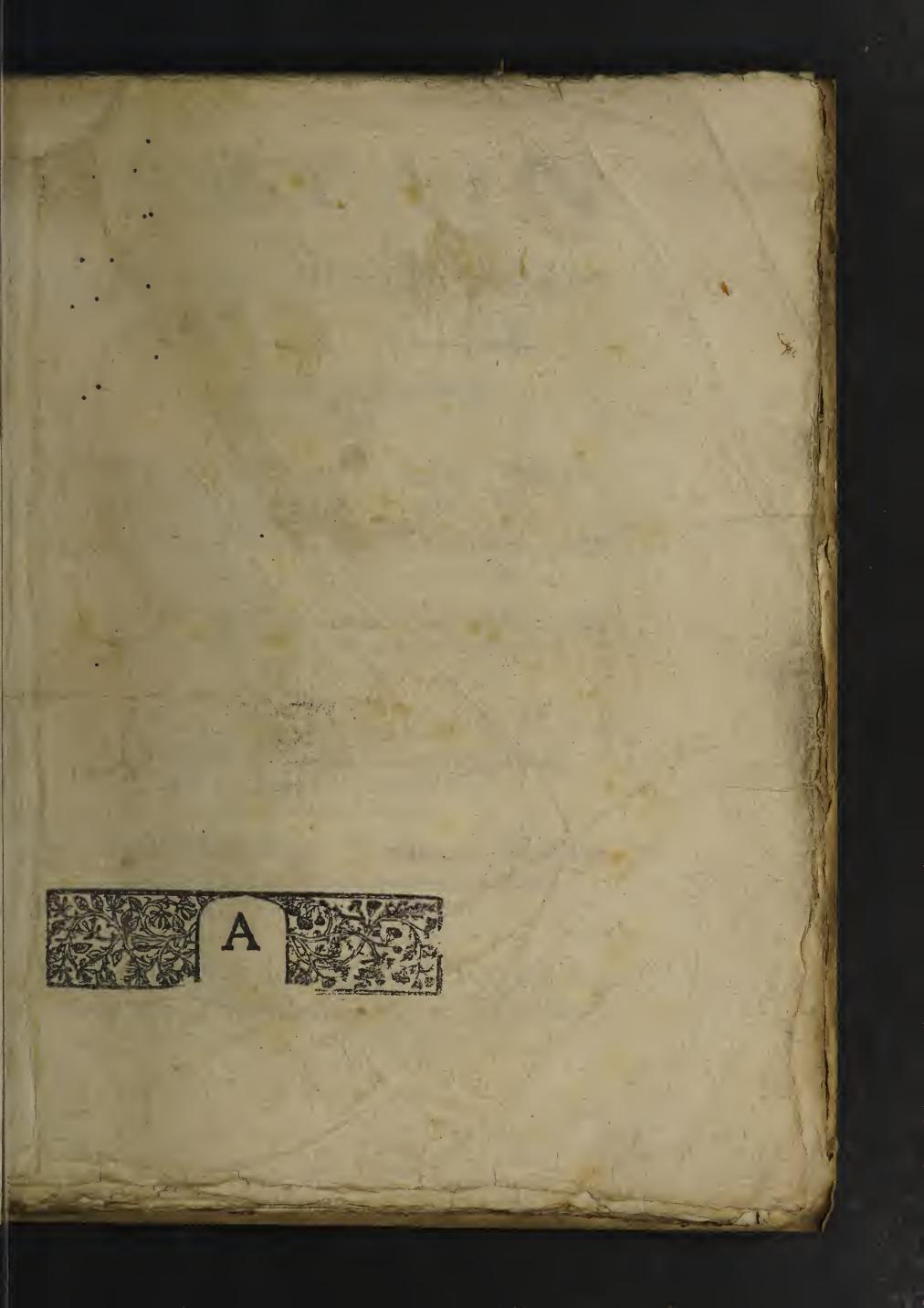


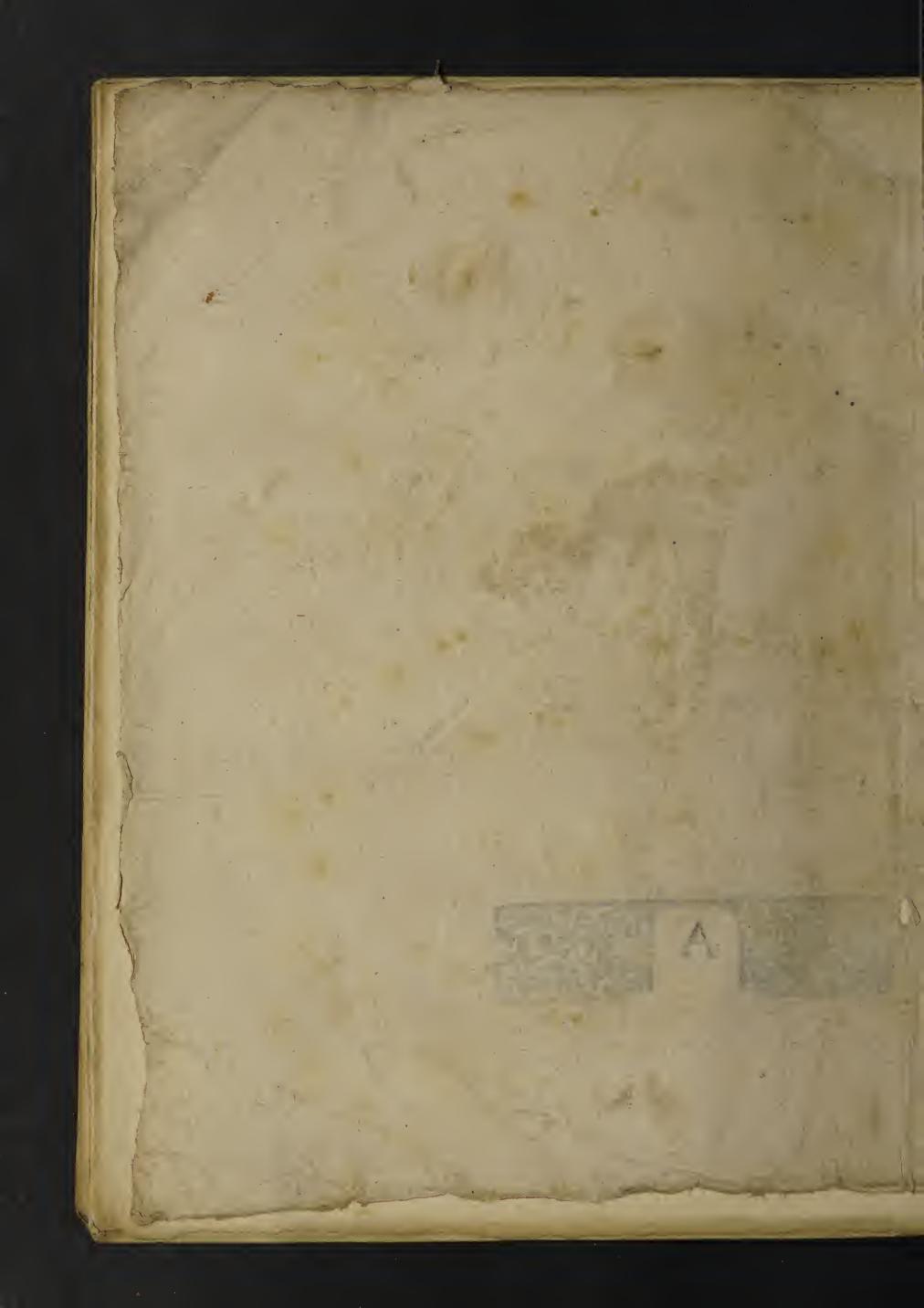












CERTAIN necessary Directions, aswell for the Cure of the

Plague, as for preuenting the Infection;

With many easie Medicines of small charge, very profitable to his Maiesties Subjects.

Set downe by the Colledge of Physicians by the Kings Maiesties speciall command.

With sundry Orders thought meet by his Maiestie, and his Privile Councell, to be carefully executed for prevention of the Plague.

Also certaine select Statutes commanded by His Maiestie to be put in execution by all suffices, and other officers of the Peace throughout the Realme;

Together with His Maiesties Proclamation for further direction therein : and a Decree in Starre-Chamber, concerning buildings and In-mates.

BARKER, Printer to the Kings most Excellent
MAIESTIE: And by the Assignes of
IOHN BILL. 1636.



Frank to the state of the control of the con-



To the Iustices of Peace.

S the want of Lawes occasioneth wrongs to be committed witting-ly; And want of know-

ledge of Lawes carieth men into offences ignorantly: So are Laws themselues a burthen when they are too many, and their very number is a cause that sew are executed: where Penall Lawes have otherwise no life, but in their execution. And certainely that Magistrate who knowes but sew, and causeth those to be duely obser-

To the Iustices of Peace.

ued, deserueth better of the Commonwealth, then he that knoweth many, and executes but sew. Therefore is the Composition of this Volume, that those sew Laws, and other ordinances being most needfull for the time, may be easily had, soone knowne, and duely executed; Which is required by His Maiestie.



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The



The Contents of this BOOKE.

the Colledge of Phisicians, for preuention and cure of the Plague.

2 Orders concerning health.

3 A Proclamation for quickning the Lawes made for the reliefes of the poore, and the suppressing, punishing, and setling of the sturdy Rogues and Vagabonds.

4 An All for the reliefe of the poore.

5 Am

The Contents.

5 An Act for the necessary reliefe of Souldiers and Mariners.

6 An Act for punishment of Rogues, Vagabonds, and sturdy Beggars.

7 An Act for the charitable reliefe and ordering of persons infected with the Plague.

8 A Decree of Starre-Chamber against Inmates and new Buil-dings.

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At Whitehall 22. Aprill, 1636.

Present

The Kings most Excellent Majesty.

L. Archbishop of Cant. \ Lord Visc. Wilmot.

Lord Keeper.

Lo. Duke of Lenox.

L.Chamberlain.

Earle of Dorset.

Earle of Salisbury.

Earle of Holland.

M. Secretary Windebank.

Lord Cottington.

Lord Newburgh.

M. Treasurer.

M. Comptroller.

M. Vicechamberlaine.

reliefe

M. Secretary Coke.

T was this day ordered, that the Iustices of Peace of Middlesex and Surrey, shall forthwith meet together, and shall seriously consider of and set

downe such rates as are fit for the raising of moneyes to build Pest-houses, or to prouide other convenient habitations, or places of aboade for infected People, and to furnish them with all other necessaries for their

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reliefe, and shall take order for levying, and

collecting the fame accordingly.

It is likewise thought fit and ordered, that the Iustices of Peace of Middlesex shal repair vnto, and ioine with the Lord Maior and Aldermen of the Citie of London, in making additionall orders (to those heretofore printed) to bee forthwith printed for preventing, so much as may be, the increase of the infection; And shall be hereby authorised from time to time hereafter to make such orders as they shall thinke sit and convenient for the purposes aforesaid.

Also the Churchwardens and Overseers of the poore, and Constables of every Parish, are hereby required and enjoyned to prouide themselves with bookes for their directions.

Lastly, the Physicians of the Citie of London are to renew the former booke touching their Medicines against the Infection, and to adde vnto and alter the same as they finde the present times and occasions to require, and to cause the said booke to be forthwith printed.

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TOTHE KINGS MOSTEXCELLENT MAIESTIE.

Hereas it hath pleased your Maies Tie, out of your Royall care of the safety and welfare of your Subjects, by your special Command, as also by Order from the Lords of your Maies Ties most Hor

Ipeciall Command, as allo by Order from the Lords of your MAIESTIES most Honourable Privile Councell to enioyne the Colledge of Physicians to renew their former book touching their medicins against the infection, and to adde vnto and alter the same, as they finde the present times and occasion to require: Wee, the President and Colledge of Physicians, in all obedience to your Royall Command,

haue often met and maturely considered of the premisses, and vpon serious review of our former booke, haue made such additions and alterations as wee judged most requisite for the present occasion; which we have caused to be printed, and now most humbly present vnto your most Gracious MAIESTIE.

An



An aduice set downe by the Colledge of Physicians, by his MAIESTIES special Command, containing certaine necessary Directions, as well for the cure of the Plague, as for preuenting the Insection; with many easie Medicines and of small charge, the viewherof may be very profitable to his MAIESTIES Subjects.

Doctors, Apothecaries and Chirurgions.

ers being first observed as in former times, it is thought necessary that by the government of the City there be appointed size or fowre Poctors at least, who may apply themselves to the cure of the Insected; and that these Poctors bee stipendiaries to the City for their lives; and that to each Poctor there be assigned B3

An Aduice

two Apothecaries and three Chirurgions, who are also to be stipended by the City, that so due and true care may be taken in all things, that the people perish not without helpe, and that the Infection spread not, while none take particular care to resist it, as in Paris, Venice, and Padua, and many other Cities.

And if any Doctor, Apothecary or Chirurgion stipended by the City shall happen to die in the service of the attendance of the Plague, then their widowes surviving shall have their pensions during their

liues.

Men or goods from forreigne infected places.

The is likewise necessary that there be care taken that neither men not goods may come from any suspected places be yond the seasox in the land, without certificate of health, or else either to bee sent suddainely a way, or to be put to the Pest-house or some such like place for forty daies (according to the custome of Italy,) till the certainty of their soundnesse may bee discovered.

Two places for entertainement are to bee provided; one for the found and another for those who are infected.

That

That all'established good orders bee reuiued.

made and formerly published against common Beggars, against all manner of Plaies, Bowling-allies, Jamates, Tipling-houses, Lestalls, against the sale of corrupt slesh or sish, may be revived and strictly executed, and that the Skauengers in generall, and energy particular house holder take care for the due and orderly cleansing of the streets and private houses, which will availe much in this case.

That Dogges, Catts, Conies and tame Pidgeons be destroyed about the Towne, or to bee kept so sparingly that no offence may come by them, and that no Swine be permitted to range brand down the Streets, as they frequently doe, or value ther not to keepe any at ail.

It were also to bee wished that the Slaughter-houses were betterly put from out the liberties of the City, being in themselves bery offensive, And that sunnells in Church-vaults be considered of, and the depth of graves.

An Aduice

To be cautelous vpon any suspition.

Teth his owne liberty, that none will give notice of any cuspition of the Plague as gainst themselves; wherefore that must be the Duerseers care, by on any notice or sussition of Infection, by the helpe of the Poctors, Chirurgions, keepers or Searchers, to sinde out the truth thereof, and so to proceed accordingly, but not to depend upon the Testimony of women Searchers alone.

The care to be taken when a house is visited.

That upon the discovery of the Infection in any house, there bee presently meanes vsed to preserve the whole, as well as to cure the infectted. And that no sick person be removed out of anyhouse, though to another of his owne, without notice thereof to be given to the Duerseers, and to be by them approved: or if the whole be to be removed, that notice be given to the Diverseers of their remove, and that caution be given that they shall not wander about till they be sound.

The house that is known to be infected, though none be dead therein, to be thut bp,

and carefully kept watched by more trully men then ordinary warders, till a time after the partie be well recovered, and that time to be forty dayes at the leak.

Caution concerning flying into the Countrey.

Because many masters of families, prelently by on the visiting of their houses
before any be dead, by into the countrey to
their friends, by which meanes the plague
is often carried into the countrey: That
no man hall depart his house except it be
to an house not inhabited, and that it be to
an house of such distance as that he may
conveniently travell thither without lying
by the way, much less that hee send his
children or servants and this to be done,
by the approbation of the Duerseers buder
their hands.

That such also as remodue into the Countrey before their houses bee visited, have a certificate from the Duerseers of their parish, under their hands and seales, testifying, that such persons were not visited before their remove, that by vertue thereof they may the freelier tracuell in the Countrey, and be more readily

entertained.

That no infected person be secretly conueted out of any house: and in any such misdemender

The Aduice

demeanour the master of the house, both from which the licke party is sent, as also the master of the house into which the partie shall be received without the licence of the Duerseers of both parishes respectively, hall be severally punished at the discre-

tion of the Duerseers.

Because it is likely that the vetter sort will not call to them such Doctors as are deputed to the Cure of the plague, upon the sirft falling sick of any in their houses, lest thereby they might draw greater infection by on themselves: if therefore any house so bling other Doctors shall happen to be bissied, that then the Doctor, who shall ordinarily take the care of that house, shall presently cause notice of the said infection to be given to the Duerseers, that care may be had thereof by the Physicians deputed.

Buriall of the dead.

That one being dead in any house of the plague, notice be given to the Duerseers, and that the dead party be buried by night in private manner; yet not without the privity of the Minister, Clerk, Bearers, and Constable or Duerseers, and that none enter the visited house but permitted persons, upon danger to be presently thut up themselves, and that there be a bisible marke set upon the outside of the doore,

doore, and to stand that by fourty dayes, and that there be no tolling or ringing of Bells at such prinate burialis.

Caution about apparell and housholdstuffe.

That no apparell not houmoldstuffe be removed of fold out of the infected house, for ur moneths after the infection is ceased in the house, and that all the Brokers and inferiour Criers for apparell be refirained in that behalfe.

Preseruatiues.

Correction of the ayre.

FD2 the correcting of the infectious aire, it were good that often Bonfires were made in the fireets, and that sometime the Cower Dronance might be thotoff, as also that there be good fiers kept in a about the visited houses and their neighbours.

Take Rosemary dried, or Juniper, 28 affigures or Frankincense: cast the same by on a Chasingdish, and receive the sume or smoake thereof.

Also to make sters rather in pans to remove about the chamber, then in chimeneis, wall better correct the aire of the houses, adding a piece of old fronto the sire.

Take

The Aduice

Take a quantity of Tineger very strong, and put to it some small quantity of Roles water, ten branches of Rolemary, put them all into a vason, then take sue or six sint stones, heated in the sixe till they bee burning hot, cast them into the same Winneger, and so let the sumes be received from place to place of your house.

That the honse be often persumed with Rue, Angelica, Gentian, Zedoary, Set=wall, Juniper wood or Berries burnt bp=on imbers, either amply, or they may bee seeped in Wine bineger, and so burnt.

Persume the house and all therein with this: Slake Lime in Uineger, and aire the house therewith, burne much Tar, Rosen, Frankinsence or Turpentine, both in the private houses, and in the Churches beside prayers.

Such apparell as you hall commonly weare, let it be very cleane, and perfume thoften, either with some Ulirginia Cedar burned, or with Juniper, and if any hall happen to be with them that are visited, let such persons, as some as they shall come home, shift themselves, and ayre their clothes in open ayre for a time.

By carrying about of perfumes.
Such as are to go abzoad shall do well to carry Bue, Angelica, oz Zedoarie in their

their hands to smell to; and of those they may thew a little in their mouthes as they go in the street, especially if they be afraid of any place. It is not good to be oner-fearefull, but it cannot be but had to be oner-presumptuous and bold.

Take Rue one handfull, stampitina mozter, put thereto Wine bineger enough to moisten it, mire them well, then straine out the inyce, wet a piece of spunge, a toast of browne bread therein, tie it in a thin

cloth, beare it about to smell to.

Take the root of Angelica beaten grofing the weight of fix pence, of Rue and Wormwood, of each the weight of foure pence, Setwall the weight of three pence, bruile these, then steep them in a little Wine bineger, tie them in a linen cloth; which they may carry in their hands, or put it into a Juniper vor full of holes to smell to.

Or they may vse this Pomander.

Take Angelica, Rue, Zedoarie, of each halfe a dram, Apriche two drams, Camphire six graines, war and Labda-numofeach two drams, more or iese as thall be thought sit to mire with the other things, make hereof a ball to carry about your you may easily make a hole in it, and so weare it about your neck with a string.

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The Aduice

The richer fort may make vse of this Pomander.

Take Citron pills, Angelica feeds, Zedoary, red Rose leaues, of each halfe adjam, yellow Sanders, Lignum Aloes, of each one scruple, Gallix Moschatz foure scruples, Storax, Calamit, Beuzoni, of each one dram, Camphire six graines, Labdanum three drams, Gitm Tragaranth dissolued in Rose water enough to make it by into a Pomander, put thereto six drops of spirit of Roses, inclose it into an Juory box, or weare it about your neck.

By inward Medicines.

Coeding to their fortunes, let them eat some such thing as mayresist putrefaction. Some may eat Barlike with Butter, a Cloue two or three, according to the ability of their bodies: some may eat fasting, some of the electuary with Jigs and Rue hereafter expressed: some may vie London Creacle, the weight of eight pence in a morning, taking more or teste, according to the age of the party; after one houre let them eat some other breakfast, as bread and butter with some seawes of the or Sage, and in the heat of summer of Sor-

rell or Wood-forrell.

To steep Rue, Wormwood or Sage all night in their drink, and to drink a good draught in the morning fasting, is very wholsome, or to drink a draught of such drink after the taking of any of the preseruatives will be very good.

In all summer Plagues it shalbe good to be Sorrell sawce to be eaten in the more ning with bread, and in the fail of the leafe to be the inyce of Barberies with bread

alfo.

By Cordialls.

Mithridates medicine of Figs.

Take of good figs and walnut kirnels of each twenty foure, Rue picked two good handfulls, of Salt halfe an ounce of fonewhat better: first stamp your figs and walnuts well together in a stone moster, then adde your Rue, and last of all your Salt, mire them erceedingly well: take of this mirture every morning fasting the weight of sixteene pence, to children and weake bodies lesse.

Or this will be effectuall also.

Take twenty Walnuts, pill them, figs, fifteen, Rue a good handfull, Cormentill roots three drams, Juniper berries two drams, Bole Armoniack a dram and a halfe. First Camp your roots, then your figs and Seeds, then adde your Wals, nuts,

The aduice

muts, then put to your Rue and Bole; and with them put thereto lire drams of London Treacle, and two or three spoonfuls of wine bineger, mire them well in a stone morter, and take of this every morning the quantitie of a good nutmegg fasting they that have cause to goe much abroad, may take as much more in the evening two houres before supper.

For women with child, children, and such as cannot take bitter things, vse this.

Take conserve of red Roses, conserve of wood-sozrell of each two ounces, conserves of Bozage, of Sage Adwers, of each sire drams, Bole Armoniack, shavings of Parts horne, Sozrell seeds, of each two drams, yellow or white Sanders halfe a dram, Sastron one scrupte, Sirrupe of Wood-sozrell, enough to make it a moist Electuary; mire them well, take so much as a Chesnut at a time, once or twice a day, as you shall sinde cause.

For the richer fort.

Take the shavings of Harts horne, of Pearle, of Corall, Tormentill rootes, Zedoarie, true Terra Sigillata, of each one dram, Citron pills, yellow, white and red Sanders, of each halfe a dram, white Amber,

of the Physicians.

ber, Hyacinth-stone prepared, of each two scruples, Bezoar stone, of the East Uni=cornes horne, of each 24. graines, Citron and Drange pills canded, of each three drams, Lignum Aloes one scruple, white Suger Candie, twice the weight of all the rest, mire them well being made into a Dredge powder. Take the weight of 12.d. at a time every morning fasting, and also in the evening about sive a clocke or an houre before supper.

way be made Lozenges, or Manus Christics, and with convenient conserves they may be made into Electuaries. All which and many more for their health they may have by the advice and directions of their owne physicians: or at least Physicians will not be wanting to direct them as they may have have need to the poore for charities sake.

They may also be Bezoar water, or Treacle water distilled, compounded by the Physicians of London, and known by the name of aqua Theriacalis stillaticia, which they may be simply; or they may mire them also with all their Antidotes, as occasion shall require.

The vie of London Treacle is good both to preserve from the licknesse, as also to cure the licke, being taken upon the sirst apprehension in a greater quantitie, as to a man 2, drams, but lesse to a weake body,

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The aduice.

oz achilde, in Carduus, oz Dragon water.

Take of the finest cleare Aloes you can buy, in colour like to a liner, and therefore called Hepatica, of Cinamon, of Apyrhe, of each of these the weight of three french Crownes, or of two and twentie pence of our money, of Cloues, Maces, Lignum Aloes, of Apastick, of Bole Drientall, of each of these halfe an ounce, mingle them together, and heat them into a very sine powder: of the which take every morning fasting the weight of a groat in white wine delayed with water.

Take a dry figg and open it, and put the kernell of a Walnut into the came, being cut very small, three or sower leaves of Rue commonly called Perbyrace, a come of Salt, then rost the Figg and eat it warme, fast three or sower houres after it, and bee

this twice in the weeke.

Take the powder of Tormentill, the weight of lix pence, with Sorrell or Scaplious water in Summer, and in the Winter with the water of Ualerian, or common drincke wherein hath beneinfuled the

fore named herbes.

Or else, in one day they may take a little wormewood and Talerian with a graine of Salt, in an other day they may take seven or eight berries of Juniper, dried and put in powder, and taking the same with common drincke, or with drincke in which upor mercod

of the Physicians.

Mozmewood and Rue hath been Ceeped

all night.

Also the Treacle called Diatessaroum, which is made but of foure things, oflight price easie to be had.

Also the roote of Enula Campana taken in

powder with dzinke.

Likewise a piece of Arras roote kept in the

mouth as men passe in the streets.

Take six leaves of Sozrell, wash them with water and vineger, let them lie in the said water and vineger a while: Then eate them sasting, and keepe in your mouth and Thew now and then either Setwall or the roote of Angelica or a little Cinamom, or source graines of Myrrhe or so much of tate tle Snake roote.

By Medicines Purgatiue:

IT is good for prevention to keep the bordie reasonable open, especially with such things as are easie of operation and good to resist putrefaction, such are these Pills which are blually to be had at good Apothecaries, and are called Pestilentiall Pills.

Take Aloes two ounces, Myrrhe and Saffron, of each an ounce, Ammoniacum halfe an ounce; make them by into a maffe with the Juice of Limons, or white Wine bineger, to keep the bodie open, A small Will

D 2

The Aduice

or two will be enough taken a little before supper, or before dynner, but to purge the bodie take the weight of a dram made into five or sir or more Pills in the morning sating, and that day keepe your Chameber.

If the Patient be costine and bound in his body, let him take a suppositary made with a little boiled honey, and a little sine powder of salt, and so taken in at the fundament, and kept till it moone a

Stoole.

for the poore take Aloes the waight of lir pence, put in the pappe of an Apple: and for the Richer, Pills of Rustus to be had in

euery Apothecaries shop.

Such as are tied to necessarie attendance on the infected, as also such as live in visited houses shall doe well to cause Issues to to be made in their lest Armes or right legs, or both as the Doctor shall thinke sit.

Blood letting.

If the Patient be ful of bloud and firong, let him be let bloud by on the Liver-veine in the right Arme, or in the Apedian beine of the same arme (if no sore appeare.)

for bloud-letting and Arong purging there must be particular directions had from

of the Physicians.

from the Poctors deputed according to the

constitution of the parties.

These two last remoies of blood-letting, and strong purgings, are to bee bled the street day that the Patient shall fall sicke as cause shall be to vie the one or the other, (no soze appearing) In which case, if any soze or spots shall appeare, they are both to be forborne.

Vomits.

To provoke bomit, with two ounces of Ranck Oyle, or Walnut Oyle, a spoone-full of the Juice of Celendine, and halfe a spoonfull of the Juice of Radish roote, or two spoonfuls of Orymel of Squils with Posset drink and oile.

Medicines expulsive.

The poison is expelled best by sweating provoked by posset ale made with sensell and Marigolds in winter, and with Socrell, Buglosse, and Bozage in summer, with the which in both times they must mingle London Treacle, the waight of two drammes: and so to lay themselves with all quietnesse to sweat one halfe houre, or an houre if they be strong.

For the cure of the Infected byon the Krst

The aduice

first apprehension, Bur seeds, Cuchencely, powder of Parts horne, Citron seeds one, or more of them, with a sew graines of Camphire, are good to bee given in Carburs or Dragon water, or with some Treacle water.

Eake Burre feeds and Cucheneely, of each halfe a dramme, or to a weak body of each one scruple, Camphire five graines, mirthese with two ounces of Carduus or Wragon water, halfe an ounce of Creacle water, sirrup of Wood sorrell a spoonefull, mirthese, give it the Patient warme, cover him to sweat, you may give him a second draught after twelve houres, let him drinke no cold drinke, this posset drinke or the like will be good to give the visited lieberally.

Take Wood-Sorrell halfe a handfull, Marigold flowers halfe so much, that vings of Harts-horne three drams, a sigge or two siced, boile them well in cleare posset drink, let them drink thereof freely, you

may put thereto a little suger.

Take Citron seeds six or eight, shavings of Parts-horne halfe a dramme, London Treacle one dramme, mix them with two ounces of Carduns water, or with three ounces of the prescribed posset drinke. Drinke it warme and so lie to sweat.

Take

of the Physicians.

Take Sozrell-water five oz kre spoonfuls, Treacle-water one spoonefull, London-Treacle one dramme and a halfe, mix them well, give it warme, and so lay the Patient to sweat.

Take Tormentill and Celandine roots of each four ounces, Scabious and Rue of each one handfull and a halfe, white wine viniger three pints, boile these till one pint be walted, straine out the liquor, which referue for the vie of the Infected: let it be taken thus.

Take of this liquoz and of Carduus was ter of each one ounce and an halfe, London Treacle one dramme and a halfe. Bole-Armoniak halfe a scruple, put thereto a litte sugar, mix them well, let the partie drinke it warme, and cover him to sweat.

In Summer this is good.

Take the Juice of Wood-sozrel two ounces, the Juice of Lymons one ounce, Diascordium one dramme, Cinamom size grains, Uniger halfe an ounce, give it warme, and lay the sicke party to sweat. Use this in case of fluxes of the belly or want of rest.

Take an Egge and make a hole in the top of it, Take out the white and yolke, W 4

The Aduice

all the shell with the weight of two french crownes of Saffron, rost the said Egge thus silled with Saffron under the Embers, untill the shell begin to war yellow. Then take it from the fire, and beat the shell and Saffron in a moster together with halfe a spoonefull of mustard seed. Take of this powder a french crowne waight, and as soone as you suspect your selfe infected, dissolve it into ten spoonfuls of poster Ale, and drinke it suke-warme, Then go to bed and provoke your selfe to sweating.

Take one dram of the Electuarium de Ouo.

Take five or lip handfuls of Sorrell that groweth in the field, or a greater quantity according as you wild iffil more or lesse of the water thereof, and let it lie infused or steeped in good bineger the space of twenty soure houres, Then take it off and dry it with a linen cloth, and put it into a limbeck, and distill the water thereof, and as soone as you find your selfe touched with the sicknesse, drinke four spoonfuls of the said water with a little sugar, and if you be able walk upon it untill you sweat, if not, keep your bed, and being well covered provide your selfe to sweating.

of the Phyficians.

Wife called petitlent-wort one ounce, of the root of great Waterian a quarter of appounce, of Sorrell an handfull, boyle all these in a quart of water to a pinte, then strainest, and put thereto two spoonesniss of Uineger, two ounces of good Sugar, boyle all these together butill they be well mingled: let the infected drink of this so hot as he may suffer it, a good draught, and if he chance to cast it by againe, let him take the same quantity straight way by on it, and proudse himselfe to sweat.

Dr the Infected may take one dram of this powder following. Take Sugar of Roles four counces, Ginger two ounces, Camphire one ounce, make these into fine powder, keep it made by into Balls with Wine.

Take of the powder of good Bay-berry, the huske taken away from them, before they be dried, a spoonfull; let the Patient drinke this well mingled in a draught of good tale Ale or Beere, or with a draught of white Wine, and go to bed, and call hims selfeinto a sweat, and for beare sleep.

Take the inward Bark of the Alh-tree one pound, of Walnutz with the greene outward theis to the number of siftie, cut these small; of Scabious, of Ueruin, of euery

The Aduice

drams, powre byon thefe the strongest Utineger you can get soure pintes, let them a little boyle together upon a very soft sire, and then stand in a very close pot well stopt all a night upon the embers, after distill them with a soft sire, and receive the water close kept. Sine unto the Patient laid in ved and well covered with clothes, two ownces of this water to drinke, and let him vee provoked to sweat, and every eight hours during the space of twenty foure hours give him the same quantitie to drinke.

Care must bee taken in the ble of these sweating Coedialls, that the party infected sweat two or three houres, if hee have Arength, and deep not till the sweat bee ouer, and that hee have beene well wiped with warmelinen, and when he hath been dried let him wall his mouth with water and vineger warme, and let his face and hands bee walked with the same: when these things are done, give him a good draught of Broath made with Chicken or Mutton with Rolemary, Thyme, So2: rell, Succory and Marigolds; or elce was ter-grewell, with Rolemary and Minter= Sauory, or Chyme Panado seasoned with veriugee or ingce of wood-sorrell. For their drinke let it be small Beere warmed with of the Physicians.

with a toke, or water boiled with Carraway seed, Carduus seed, and a crust of bread, or such posset drinke as is mentioned before in the second medicine; after some nutriment let them sleepe or rest often washing their mouth with water and bineger.

These Cordials must be repeated once in eight, ten or twelve houres at the fur-

thest.

If the partie infected bomit by his medicine, then repeat; it presently, or else give him two or three spoonefuls of Usineger of Squills, or Drymel of Squills with, poset drink, and then after proceed.

Megicines externall.

Testatories applied to the armes, inside of the thighes, or about the bottome of the case of the leg, will draw forth the venome: but the bse of these requires the direction of the Poctors deputed.

for the swelling buder the eares, armepits, or in the groines, they must be alwayes drawen forth and ripened, and

broke with all speed.

These Tumois, and much more the Carbuncles and Blaines doe require the care and skill of the expert Chirurgion: but not to leave the poorer sort destitute of good remedies, these following are very good.

Pull off the feathers from the tailes of living

The aduice

living Cocks, Hennes, Pigeous, or Chickens, and holding their vills, hold them hard to the Botch or twelling, and so keepe them at that part untill they die, and by this meanes draw out the poison. It is good to apply a cupping glasse or embers in a dish, with a handfull of Sorrell upon the embers.

To breake the Tumor.

Takea great Onion, hollow it, put into it a figge, Rue cut small, and adzam of Thenice Treasle, put it close kopped in a wet paper, and roke it in the embers. Apply it hot but o the Tumoz, lay three or four one after another, let one lie three houres

embers mirt with a little strong leaven, and some Barrowes grease, and a little

salt, will draw it and breake it.

**

Take two or three rosted onions, a Lile steroot or two rosted, a handsull of Scabious rosted, soure or sine sigs, a piece of leaven and a little Rue, stampe all these together, if it be too dry, put to it two ounces of oile of Lislies; or so much fast butter, make a pultesse, applie it hot, after it hath lien three or soure houres, take it off and burne it, and apply a fresh pultesse of the same, if it proue hard to breake, adde a little burnt copperasse to the pultesse.

of the Physicians.

Or this.

Take the flowers of Elders two hand= fuls, Rocket seed bruised one ounce, Pigeous dung three drams: stampe these together, put to them a little oile of Lillies, make thereof a pultesse, apply it and change it as you did the sormer.

To draw.

V Penit is broken, to draw it a heale it take the yolke of an Egge, one ounce of honey of Roses, Turpentine halfe an ounce, wheat slowre a little, London Treacle a dram and a halfe, mire these wel, spread it by on leather, change it twice a day, or take Diachylon cum Gummis.

For the Carbuncle.

Applie an actuall or potentiall Cautery, laying a defensative of Boie-Armonisack, or Terra Sigillata, mired with Uineger and the white of an Egge, round about the tumour, but not upon it.

Take three or foure Cloues of Barlick, Kue halfe a handfull, soure figges, Arong Leaven, and the Soote of a Thyriney in which wood hath beene burnt, of each, E3 half

The Aduice.

halte an ounce, Mustard: seed two drains, Salt a drain and a halfe, stampe these well together, and applie it hot to the soze: You may put thereto a little salt butter, if it be too dry.

Or this.

Take Leaven halfe an ounce, Radish Rootes the bigger the better, an ounce and an halfe, Mustard Seed two drams, Onions and Barlick rosted, of each two drams and a halfe, Aenice Treacle, or Mithridatum, three drams, mire these in a morter, applie it hot thrice a day to the Sore.

But these Sozes cannot be well ordered and cured, without the personall care of a

discreet Surgeon.

Take of Scabious two handfuls, stamp it in a stone mozter, with a pesse of stone if you can get any such, then put into it of old Swines grease salted two ounces, and the yolke of an egge, stampe them well together, and lay part of this warme to the soze.

Take of the leaves of Apallowes, of Camomyll flowers, or either of them a handfull, of Linseed beaten into powder two ounces, boyle the Apallow leaves first cut, and the flowers of Camomyll in faire water, standing about a singers breadth: boyle

of the Physicians.

boyle allthem together, butiliall the water be almost spent, then put thereunto the Linseed, of wheat flowe halfe a handfull, of Swines grease, the skinnes taken asway, three ounces, of Opic of Lillies two ounces, stirthem still with a stick, and let them all boyle together on a soft sire without smoake, butill the water bee betterly spent: beat them altogether in a morter butilithey be well incorporated, and in seeding, smooth and not rough. Then take part thereof hotin a dish, set by on a Chassindish of coales, and lay it thick by on a linen cloth, applying it to the fore.

Take a white Onion cut in pieces, of fresh butter three ounces, of seauen the weight of twelve pence, of Mallowes one handfull, of Scabious, if it may bee had, one handfull, of Cloves of Barlick the weight of twenty pence: Boyle them on the sire in sufficient water, and make a pultesse of it, and say it warme to the fore.

Another.

Take two handfuls of Walerian, three rootes of Danewort, an handfull of Smallage or Lovage. Seeth them all in Butter and water, and a few Crums of bread, and make a pultelle thereof, and lay it warme to the fore till it breake.

Another.

The Aduice, &c.

Another.

It you cannot have these hearbes, it is good to lay a loase of bread to it hot, as it commeth out of the Oven (which afters ward shall be burnt or buried in the earth) or the leaves of Scabious or Sorrell rosed, or two or three Lilly rootes, rosed buder Embers, beated and applied.

Corders

2 m2.0m .



Orders thought meete by his MAIESTIE and his Privie Councell, to be executed throughout the Counties of this Realme, in such Townes, Villages and other places as are or may be hereafter Infected with the Plague, for the stay of further increase of the same.



Sthe most louing and gracious care of his Maiesty for the preservation of his People, hath already beene earnestly shewed and de-

clared by such meanes and waies as were thought expedient to suppresse the grieuous Infection of the Plague, and to preuent the increase thereof, within the City of London, & parts about it; so whatsocuer other good meanes may bee yet remaining which may extend and proue behoouefull

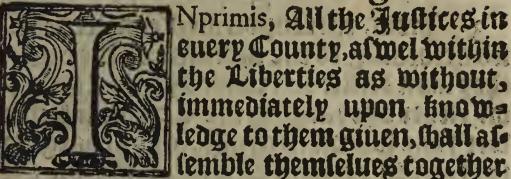
Orders against the

houefull to the Countrey abroad (where his Maiestieis sorry to understand that the Contagion is also in many places dispersed) it is likewise His gracious pleasure, that the same be carefully prouided and put in practise. And therefore hauing taken knowledge of certaine good Orders that were voon like occasion published in time past, together with certaine Rules and medicines prescribed by the best and most learned Physicians, and finding both of them to serue well for the present time, his Maiesty is pleased, that the same shall be renewed and published: And withall straitly commandeth all Iustices of the Peace, and others to whom it may appertaine, to see the said Orders duely executed.

At the Court at Hampton Court this 30. of July. 1603.

Imprimis,

Infection of the Plague.



at some one generall place accustomed, being clear from Insection of the Plague, to consult how these Diders sollowing may be duly put in execution: not meaning that any Justices dwelling in or neere places insected, shall come thither, whiles their comming may be doubtfull. And after their sirst generall assembly, they shall make a distribution of themselves to sundry Limits and divisions, as in other common services of the County they are accustomed to doe,

for the profecution thereof.

first, they shall enquire, and presently informe themselves by all good meanes, what Cowns and villages are at the time of such assembly infected within every their Counties, and in what Hundred or other Division the said Townes and Nillages are, and how many of the same places so infected are Corporate Cownes, Aparket Cownes, and Villages, and shall consider of what wealth the inhabitants of the same townes and Parishes are, to be able to relicue the poore that are or shall einfeceted, and to be restrained in their houses.

F 2 3 Item,

Orders against the

Item, thereupon after conference be sed according to the necessitie of the cause, they thall device and make a general taration, either by charging the Towns infected with one summe in große, or by charging the speciall persons of wealth within the same, to be forth with collected for the race of one moneth at the first, and so if the lick= nelle wall continue, the collection of the like summe, or of more or of lesse, astime and cause shall require, and the same to be every first, second, third or sourth weeke employ. ed to and for the execution of the laid D2. ders. And in case some of the said Townes Infected, shall manifestly appeare not to bee of sufficient abilitie to contribute sufficient for the charges requilite, then the Taration of Collection thall bee made of further extended to other parts, or in any. other further limits, as by them wall bee thought requilite, where there chall be any such Townes or Uillages so infected, and briable to relieue themselues. And if the laid Townes be lituated in the borders a confines of any other thire, then as the Justices thall fee caute and need for the greatnette of the charge requilite, that the parts of the thire iorning to the Towns infected be not able, they shal write their letters to the next Justices of the other Shire so consining to procure by collection some reliefe, as in like cales Infection of the Plague.

cases they are to relieve them, in respect of neere neighbourhood of the place, & for that the came Infection may be the better Mayed from the faid adiouning places, though they

be separated by name of the County.

4 Item, they shall cause to be appointed in energ Parish as well infected as not infected, certaine persons to view the bodies of all such as shall die, before they be suffered to be buried, and to certifie the Adimitter of the Church and Churchwarden, oz other pzin= cipall Officers, or their substitutes of what probable disease the said persons died: and the faid viewers, to have weekely some allowance, a the more large allowance where the Townes or Parithes bee infected, during the infection, towards their maintenance, to the end they which shalbe in places intected a may forbeare to recort into the company of others that are found: and those persons to be swozne to make true report ac= coeding to their knowledge, a the choise of them to bee made by direction of the Curate of the Church, with three or foure substantiall men of the Parish. And in case the said biewers either through fauour or corruption Hallgine wrong certificate, or that refuse to ferue being thereunto appointed, then to cause them to be punished by imprisonment, in such sort as may serve for a terrour to others.

s Item,

Orders against the

5 Item, the houses of such persons out of the which there hall die any of the Plague, beeing so certified by the viewers, or other, wise knowen, or where it shall bee bnderstood, that any person remaineth sicke of the Plague, to bee closed by in all parts during the time of restraint, viz. sire weekes, after the sicknesse be ceased in the same house, in case the said houses so infected shalbe within any Towns having houses neere adjoyning to the same. And if the infection happen in houses dispersed in Uillages, and separated from other houses, and that of necessitie for the feruing of their cattell, and manuring of their ground, the said persons cannot continue in their houses, then they bee neverthe. less restrained from resorting into company of others, either publikely, or privately du=, ring the said time of restraint, and to weare some mark in their oppermost garments, oz beare white rods in their hands at fuch time as they hall goe abroad: yf there be any doubt that the masters and owners of the houses infected; will not duely observe the directions of chutting by the doozes, specially in the night, then shall there be appointed twooz three Watchmen by turnes, which shall be sworne to attend a watch the house, and to apprehend any person that shall come out of the house contrary to the order, and the same persons by order of the Justices, Mail

Infection of the Plague.

shall be a competent time imprisoned in the stockes in the high waynert to the house insteaded: and furthermore, some special marke shall be made and stred to the doores of euery of the infected houses, and where any such houses shall be Innes or Alehouses, the Signes shall be taken downe for the time of the restraint, and some crosse, or other mark set by on the place thereof to be a token of the sickenesse.

chuse honest persons, that either shal collect the summes assessed, or shall have the custo-die thereof, and out of the said collection to allot a weekly proportion for the sinding of victuall, or sire, or medicines for the soncer sort, during the time of their restraint. And whereas some persons being well disposed to reeld almes and reliefe, will be more willing to give some portions of victuall, as corne, bread, or other meat, the same shall be committed to the charge of some special persons, that will honestly and truely preserve the same, to be distributed as they shall be appointed sorthe poore that are infected.

dwelling within the Townes infected, to proude and deliver all necessaries of victuals, or any matter of watching or other attendance, to keep such as are of good wealth being restrained, at their owne proper costs

Orders against the

and charges, and the poore at the common charges: and the faid persons so appointed to be ordered, not to resort to any publike assembly during the time of such their attendance, as also to we are some marke on their byper garment, or to be are a white rod in their hand, to the end others may avoide

their company.

8 Item, that in the thire towns in every Countie, and in other great townes meete for that purpose, there may be provision be= spoken and made, of such Preservatives and other remedies, which otherwise in meaner towns cannot be readily had, as by the Phylicians shall be prescribed, and is at this present reduced into an Aduce made by the Phylicians, and now printed and fent with the said Deders, which may be fixed in Market-places, byon places bluall for luch publique matters, and in other Townes in the bodies of the parish Churches, and chappels: in which Aduice only such things are prescribed, as blually are to be had and found in all Countreys without great charge or cost.

9 Item, the Ministers and Curats, and the Churchwardens in every parish, shall in writing certific weekely to some of the Justices, residing within the Hundred or other limit where they serve, the number of such persons as are infected and doe not die, and

alco

Infection of the Plague.

also of all such as thall die within their Pa= rishes, and their diseases probable whereof they died, and the same to be certified to the rest of the Justices at their assemblies, which during some convenient time would be every one and twenty dayes, and thereof a particular book kept by the Clerk of the Peace,

or Come Cuch like.

10 Item, to appoint some place apart in each Parity for the vuriall of such persons as thall die of the Plague, as also to give ox der that they be buried after Sun setting, and pet neuerthelesse by day light, so as the Curate be present for the observation of the Rites and Ceremonies prescribed by the Law, forefeeing as much as coveniently he may, to be distant from the danger of infection of the person dead, or of the company that thall bring the corple to the grave.

11 Item the Justices, of the whole Countie to allemble once in one and twentie dayes, to examine whether those Deders be duely executed, and to certifie to the Lords of the Printe Councell their proceedings in that behalfe, what Townes and Uillages be infected, as allothe numbers of the dead, and the diseases whereof they dyed, and what summes of money are taxed and collected to this purpose, and how the same are

distributed.

Orders against the

where any such infection is, or the Justices next adiopning thereunto, to assemble once a weeke, to take accompt of the execution of the said Orders, and as they sinde any lacke or disorder, either to reforme it themselves, or to report it at the generall assembly there, to be by a more common constembly there, to be by a more common constembly there, to be by a more common constant.

sentrefozmed.

13 Item, for that the contagion of the Plague groweth and encreaseth no way moze, then by the ble and handling of such clothes, bedding and other Auste as hath bin worne and occupied by the Infected of this disease, during the time of their disease: the said Justices that in the places infected take fuch order, that all the said clothes and other stuffe, so occupied by the diseased, so soone as the parties diseased of the plague are all of them either well recouered or dead, be either burnt and cleane consumed with fire, oz else aired in such sozt as is prescribed in an especiall Article contained in the ad= uice set downe by the Physicians. And for that peraduenture the losse of such appareil, bedding, and other Ausse to be burnt, may be greater then the poozeestate of the owners of the same may well beare: it is thought very good Aexpedient, if it be thought meet it shall be burnt, that then the said Justices, out of such Collections as are to be made within

Infection of the Plague.

within their Counties for the reliefe of the poorer fort that be infected, allow also them such summe or summes as to them shall be thought reasonable, in recompense of the

losse of their said stusse.

14 Item, the said Justices may put in erecution any other Diders that by them at their generall assembly chall be deuised and thought meet, tending to the preservation of his Maiesties Subjects from the infection. And to the end their care and diligence may the better appeare, they Wall certifie in writing the said Deders newly deuised: and if any thall wilfully break and contemne the same, or any the Deders herein specified, they chall either presently punish them by imprisonment, or if the persons to contemning them, thall be of such countenance as the Justices shall thinkse meet to have their faults known to His Maiestie, or to the Councell, they chall charge and binde them to appeare before Us, and the contempt due. ly certified, that there may be a moze notozious sharpe example made by punishment of the same by order of His Maiesty.

come parts of the Shire, or if they which are Justices there, chall be for the time absent, in that case the more number of the Justices at their assembly shall make choice of some convenient persons to supply those

2 places

Orders against the

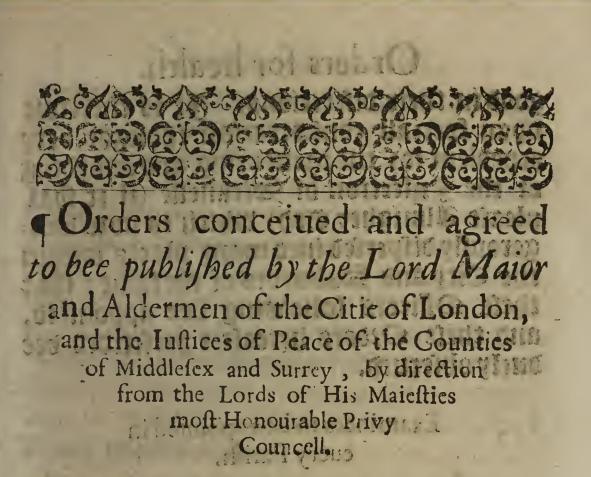
places for the better execution hereof. 16. Atem, if there be any person Ecclesia. sticall or Lay, that thall hold and publish as npopinions (as in some places report is made) that it is a vain thing to forbeare to resort to the Infected, or that it is not charitable to forbid the same, pretending that no person hall die but at their time prefixed, such persons wall be not onely reprehended. but by order of the Bishop, if they be Eccless asticall, wall be forbidden to preach, and being Lay, shall be also entoyned to forbear to Otter fuch dangerous opinions byon pain of imprisonment, which wall be executed, if they hall perseuere in that errour. And retit chall appeare manifeltly by these Diders, that according to Christian charity, no persons of the meanest degree shall be left without succour and reliefe.

the Justices thall take great care, as of a matter specially directed and commanded by his Maietty byon the princely and natural care he hath conceined towards the preservation of his Subjects, who by very disposer, and for lacke of direction do in many parts wilfully procure the increase of this

generall Contagion.

*

Orders



Dereas in the first recreof the Reigne of our late Sous-Taigne, King lames of happy memory, over this Realme of England, an Acce was made for the charitable reliefe and Dedering of persons infected with the Plague: whereby Authority is given to Justices of Peace, Maiors, Bayliffes, and other head Officers, to appoint within their seuerall Limits Eraminers, Searchers, Watchmen, Reepers, and Buriers for the persons and places infected, and to minister unto them Dathes for the performance of their Dffices. And the same Statute also authoriseth the giving of other Directions, as un= to them for the present necessity shall seeme

good in their discretions. It is therefore by on speciall consideration thought very expedient for the preventing and auoyding of the Infection of Sicknesse (if it shall please Almighty God) which is now dangerously dispersed into many places within the City and Suburbes of the same: that these Officers following bee appointed, and these Orders hereafter prescribed bee duely observed.

Examiners to be appointed in euery Parish.

That, It is thought requilite and so ozedered, that in every Parish there be one, two, oz moze persons of good sozt and credit, chosen and appointed by the Alderman, his Deputy, and Common Councell of every Ward, and by the Justices of Peace in the Counties, by the name of Examiners, to continue in that Office the space of two moneths at least: and if any sit persons so appointed as a sozesaid, shall resule to bodere take the same, the said parties so resusing, to bee committed to prison butill they shall consome themselves accordingly.

The Examiners Office.

That these Eraminers bee swozne by the Alderman, oz by one of the Justices of the

the County, to enquire and learne from time to time what houses in every parish be visited, and what persons be sicke, and of what Diseases, as neere as thy can ensome themselves, and upon doubt in that case, to command restraint of accesse, butill it appears what the Disease shall prove and if they sinde any person sicke of the Insection, to give order to the Constable that the house be shut up and if the Constable shall estound remisse or negligent, to give present notice thereof to the Alderman, or the Justice of Peace respectively.

Watchmen.

pointed two watchmen, one for the day and the other for the night: And that these watchmen have a special care that no person goe in or out of such infected houses, whereof they have the charge, by on paine of severe punishment. And the sayd watchsmen to doe such further Offices as the sicke house thall neede and require: and if the watchman be sent by on any busines, to lock by the house and take the key with him: and the watchman by day to attend butilten of the clocke at night: and the watchman by night till sixe in the morning.

Chirurgions.
That there bee a specialicare, to appoint women Searchers in every parish, such as

as are of honest reputation, a of the best fort as can be got in this kinde: And these to be swozne to make due search and true report, to the bimost of their knowledge, whether the persons, whose bodies they are appointed to Search, doe die of the Infection, oz of what other diseases, as neere as they can. And for their better allisance herein, foralmuch as there bath beene heretofoze great abute in misreporting the disease, to the further spreading of the Infection: It is therefore ordered, that there bee chosen and ap= pointed three able and discreet Chirurgions, belides those three, that doe already belong to the Belthouse: amongst whom, the Citie and Liberties to be quartered, as the places lie most apt and convenient: and every of these sire to have one quarter for his Limit: and the laid Chirurgions in every of their Limits to toyne with the Searchers for the biew of the bodie, to the end there may bee a true report made of the disease.

And furthez, that the laid Chirurgeons thall bilite and fearth such like persons as thall either send for them, or bee named and directed but o them, by the examiners of every Parish, and informe themselves of the

disease of the said parties.

and forasmuch as the said Chirurgions are to bee sequestred from all other Cures, and kept onely to this disease of the Infection: It is ordered, that every of the said Chirur=

Chirurgions shall have twelve pence a bosty searched by them, to bee paid out of the goods of the party searched, if he be able, or otherwise by the Parish.

Orders concerning infected houses and persons sicke of the Plague.

Notice to be giuen of the Sicknesse.

De Master of every house, assome as any one in his house complaineth, either of Botch, or Durple, or Swelling in any part of his body, or falleth otherwise dangerously sicke, without apparant cause of some other disease, shall give knowledge thereof to the Traminer of health within two houres after the said signe shall appeare.

Sequestration of the sicke.

A S soon as anyman shalve found by this Examiner, Chirurgion or Searcher, to be sick of the Plague, he shall the same night be sequestred in the same house. And in cass he be so sequestred, then though he after—wards die not, the house wherein hee sick—ned, shall be shut op for a moneth, after the bse of due Preservatives taken by the rest.

Ayring the Stuffe.

FOr lequestration of the goods and kuste of the Infected, their Bedding, and Apparell, and hangings of Chambers, must be well

well agred with fire, and such perfumes as are requisite within the Infected house, before they be taken agains to vse: this to be done by the appointment of the Examiner.

If any person thall have visited any man, knowne to be Infected of the Plague, oz entred willingly into any knowen infected house, being not allowed: the house where in he inhabiteth, thall be thut by foz certaine dayes by the Examiners direction.

None to be remooued out of infected houses, but &c.

Tem, that none bee remooned out of the house where he fallethlick of the infection, into any other house in the Citie, Bozough, or County (except it be to the Pett-house or a Tent, or buto some such house, which the owners of the said Aissted house holdeth in his owne hands, and occupieth by his owne seruants) and so as securitie be quien to the Parish whither such remodue is made, that the attendance and charge a= bout the said Utilited persons, shall be obser, ned and charged in all the particularities before expressed, without any cost of that Parish, to which any such remove chall happento be made, and this remove to be done by night: And it hall be lawfull to any per= southat hath two houses, to remoone either his found or his infected people to his spare house

house at his choice, so as if he send away first his sound, he may not aftersend thither the sick, not agains but the sick the sound: And that the same which he sendeth, be for one weeke at the least thut up, and secluded from company for feare of some infection, at the sirst not appearing.

Buriall of the dead.

That the buriall of the dead by this Uili=
tation be at most convenient houres, al=
wayes either before Sunne rising, or after
Sunne setting, with the privitie of the
Churchwardens or Constables, and not
otherwise, and that no neighbours nor
friends be suffered to accompany the Coarse
to Church, or to enter the house visited, bpon paine of having his house shut bp, or
bee imprisoned.

No infectedstuffe to be vttered.

That no Clothes, Stuffe, bedding or garements be luffred to be carried or conveyed out of any Infected Houses, and that the Criers and Caries abroad of Bedding or olde Apparell to be Sold or Pawned, be betterly Prohibited and restrained, and no Brokers of Bedding, or olde Apparell bee permitted to make any outward Shew, or hang sorth on their Stalles, Shop-boords or Windowes, towards any Streete, Lane, common Way or passage, any olde Bedding or Apparell to bee solde, by on paine of Imprisoned

personment: Andifany Broker or other person thall buy any Bedding, Apparell, or os ther Stuffe out of any Infected House, within two moneths after the Infection hath been there, his house shall bee that by as Infected, and so shall continue that by twenty dayes at the least.

No person to be conveyed out of any Insected house.

If any person Usited doe fortune, by negligent sooking buto, or by any other meanes, to come or be conveyed from a place infected, to any other place, the Parish from whence such Party bath come, or beene conueyed, by on notice thereof given, shall at their charge cause the said party so Usited and escaped, to bee caried and brought backe agains by night, and the parties in this case oftending, to be punished at the direction of the Alderman of the Ward, and the Justices of the Peace respectively; and the house of the receiver of such visited person to be shut up sortwenty dayes.

Euery Visited house to be marked.

Hat every house villted be marked with a Red Crosse of a foot long, in the middle of the dooze, evident to bee seene, and with these bluall Printed words, that is to say, Lord have mercy open vs, to bee set close over the same Crosse, there to continue butill lawfull opening of the same house.

Euery

Orders for health.

Euery Visited house to be watched.

That the Constables see enery house but up, and to be attended with watchmen, which may keepe them in, and minister necessaries unto them at their own charges (if they be able) or at the common charge if they be unable: the shutting up to be for the space

of foure weekes after all be whole.

That precise order be taken that the Searchers, Chirurgions, krepers and Bustiers are not to passe the streets withoutholz ding a red Rod or Wand of three foot in length in their hands, open and enident to be feene, and are not to goe into any other house, then into their owns, or into that whereunto they are directed or sent for, but to forbeare and abstaine from company, especially when they have been lately bled in any such businesses, attendance.

And to this end it is ordered, that a weekely Tare be made in every Parith bilited: If
in the City or Borough, then buder the hand
of the Alderman of the Ward, where the
place is bilited: if in either of the Counties,
then buder the hands of some of the Justites next to the place vilited, who, if there bee
cause, may extend the Tare into other Parishes also, and may give warrant of distresse
against them which shall resule to pay: and
for want of distresse, or for assistance, to
commit the Statute in that behalle.

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. Orders

Orders for cleansing and keeping of the Streets sweet.

The streets to be kept cleane.

Irst, it is thought very necessary and so ozdered, that every house-holder do cause the Street to bee daily pared before his dooze, and so to keep it cleane sweptall the weeke long.

That Rakers take it from out the houses.

That the sweeping and filth of houses be dayly caried away by the Rakers, and that the Raker shall give notice of his comming by the blowing of a Poine, as heretofore bath beene done.

Laystals to be made far off from the City.

That the Laystals beeremooned as farre as may be out of the City, and common passages, and that no Aight-man oz other besuffered to empty a Uault into any Garden neere about the Citie.

Care to be had of vnwholsome Fish, or Flesh, and of mustie Corne.

That speciall care be taken, that no thinking fish, or bumpholesome flesh, or mustic Corne, or other corrupt fruits, of what sort soener, besuffered to be sold about the City or any part of the same.

That the Bruers and Tipling houses be looked buto, for mustic and bumholesome Caske. That

Orders for health.

That order be taken, that no Hogs, Dogs, or cats, or tame Pigeons, or Conies be suffered to be kept within any part of the City, or any Swine to be, or stray in the Streets or Lanes, but that such Swine bee Impounded by the Beadle or any other Officer, a the owner punished according to the Act of Common Councell, and that the Dogs be killed by the Bog killers, appoint ted for that purpose.

Orders concerning loose Persons, and idle assemblies.

Beggers.

plained on, then the multitude of plained on, then the multitude of Rogues and wandering Beggers, that swarme in every place about the City, being a great cause of the spreading of the infection, a will not be avoided, not withstanding any Order that hath been given to the contrary: It is therefore now ordered, that such Constables, and others whom this matter may any way concerne, doe take special care, that no wandering Begger be suffered in the Streets of this City, in any sashion or manner what soever upon paine of the penalty provided by the Law to be duely and severely executed by on them.

Playes.

Orders for health.

Playes.

That all Plaies, Beare baitings, Games, Singing of Ballads, Buckler play, or such like causes of Assemblies of people, bee betterly prohibited, and the parties offending, sewerely punished, by any Alderman, or Justice of the peace.

Tipling houses,

That disorderly Tipling in Tauernes Ale-houses and Tellers, be severely looked but 0, as the common sinne of this time, and greatest occasion of dispersing the Plague: and where any shall be found to offend, the penalty of the Statute to be laid by on them with all severity.

And for the better execution of these Drders, as also for such other directions as than be needfull, It is agreed that the Justices of the City and the Counties adiopning doe meete together once in ten dayes either at the Sestions house without Newgate, or some other convenient place, to conferre of things as shall be needfull in this behalfe.

And enery person neglecting the duety required, or willingly offending against any Article or clause contained in these Drders, he to be severely punished by imprisonment, or otherwise, as by the law he ought.

God faue the King.



By the KING.

A Proclamation for quickning the Lawes made for the reliefe of the poore, and the suppressing, punishing, and setting of the sturdy Rogues and Vagabonds.

Hereas many excellent Lawes and Statutes with great indgement and providence
have been made in the
times of Durlate deare and Royall
Father, and of the late Dueene
Elizabeth, for the reliefe of the impostent and indigent Poore, and for the
punishing, suppressing, and setting
of the sturdy Rogues and Clagabonds,

bonds, which Lawes and Statutes, if they were duely observed, would be of exceeding great vie for the peace and plenty of this Realme, but the neglect thereof is the occalion of much disorder, and many insufferable abuses. And whereas it is fit at all times to put in execution those Lawes which are of so neces fary, and so continuall vie: yet the apparant and vilible danger of the Pestilence, (vnlesse the same by Gods gracious mercie, and Dur provident endeuours be prevented) doth much moze require the same atthis prient.

we have therefore thought it sit, by the advice of Dur Privie Councell, by this Dur publike Proclamation, straightly to charge and command, that all our louing Subjects in their severall places, doe use all possible care and disigence as a principall meanes to prevent the spreading, and dispersing of that contagis

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ous ficknesse, to observe and put in due execution, all the said Lames made and provided against Rogues and Tlagabonds, and for the reliefe of the truely pooze and impotent people. And in the first place, wee Arictly charge and command, that in Dur Cities of London, and wellminster, and Suburbs theres of, and places adiacent thereunto, and generally throughout whole Kingdome, that there bee carefull watch, and ward kept for the apprehending and punishing of all Rogues and Clagabonds, Who either in the streets or high wayes, buder the names of Souldiers, oz Mariners, Glasse-men, Pot-men, Pedlars, oxpetty-Chapmen, ox of pooze oz impotent people, Chall bee found either wandzing, oz begging.

And wee doe further Arittly chargeand command, that all Constables, Head-bosoughs, and other Officers, doe vie all diligence, to pur

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nish, and passe away according to the Law, all such wanderers, or Weggers, as thall be apprehended, either in the Cities, or places afores laid, or in any other Cities, Towns, Parishes, or places within this Realme, and take great care that none passe under the colour of couns terfeit Passes. And that all Irish Rogues, and Hagabonds be forths with apprehended, wheresoever they shall be found, and punished. and sent home according to a former Proclamation, heretofore published in that behalfe. That all houses holders of whose persons, or at Whole houses any such Clagrants shall be taken begging, doe appres hend, or cause them to be apprehens ded, and carried to the next Constable, ozother Officer to be punished, according to the Lawes. And that they forbeare to relieve them, there= by to give them incouragement to edtinue in their wicked course oflife.

That the Justices of Peace in their severall places throughout this Kingdome be carefull either by Provolt Marchals, or by the high Constables, or otherwise by their good discretions effectually to prouide, that all Rogues and Hagas bonds of all forts be searched for, apprehended, punished and suppres sedaccoeding to the Law. And that onceeuery moneth at the least, a conuenient number of the Justices of Peace in enery severall County and Division, chall meete together in some convenient place in that divis usion, and take account of the high Constables, petty Constables, and other Officers within that Divilion, how they have observed the Lawes and Dur commandment touching the Premisses.

And that they severely punish all such as shall bee found remisse or negligent in that behalfe. And were doe hereby strictly charge and come

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mand as well all and lingular Justices of Peace, Constables, Head bozoughs, and other Dur Officers and Ministers, as also all Dur los uing Subiects of What estate or des gree soeuer, to vse all diligence, that all and every houses of places which are or chall bee visited or infected with the licknesse, bee carefully thut by, and watch and ward kept over them, that no person or persons Within those places doe goe abroad, or depart from thence, during the time of such Uslitation. And we doe hereby command all and fingue lar Dur Judges of Allize in their severall Circuits to give speciall charge, and make speciall enquiry of the defaults of all and every the Justices of Peace Who shall not observe their meetings in the severall Counties and Divisions aforesaid, or Chall not punish such Constables or other Officers as being informed either by their owne view and know=

knowledge, ozotherwise are ozshall be found remisse or negligent in the Premisses, or in leauning such penalties & forfeitures as the Lawes and Statutes of this Realme require against the parties offending herein. And thereof to informe Us or Dur Priup Councell, to the end that such due course may bee taken either by remouing out of the Commission such negligent Justices of the Peace, or other wife by inflicting such punishment upon them as shall be due to such as neglect their owne duties, and Dur Royall command published upon so important an oc calion.

And we doe hereby will, require and command all and every Dur Judges of Allize, Paiors, She riffes, Jultices of Peace, Consables, headboroughs and other Dur Officers, Pinisters and Subjects Whom it may concerne that they carefully and effectually observe

and performe all and every the Presmilles, as they Will answere the neglect thereof at their bittermost

perils.

And whereas were have lately commanded a Booke to be printed and published containing certaine Statutes made and enacted heretos fore for the reliefe of the Poore, and of Souldiers and Mariners, and for punishment of Rogues and Wa= gabonds, and for the reliefe and or dering of persons infected with the Plague, and also containing cers taine Deders heretofore and now lately conceived and made concerns ing health: All which are necessary to be knowen and observed by Dur louing Subjects, that thereby they may the better auoid those dangers which otherwise may fall byon their persons or estates by their neglect thereof: wee have thought it fit hereby to give notice thereof to all Durlouing Subjects, to the end tvat

that none may pretend ignorance for an excuse in matters of so great importance. And wee doe hereby declare, that whose ever shall be found remisse or negligent in the execution of any part of the Premisses, shall receive such condigne punishment for their offence, as by the Lawes of this Realme, or by Dur Prerogative Royall can or may be justly instituted by on them.

Giuen at our Court at White-hall the three and twentieth day of April, in the fixt yeere of Our Reigne of England, Scotland, France and Ireland.

God saue the King.

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Production to anticopionical appropriate as a MICHIEL WILL FORE THE TRUE OF cince characteristic fall be touted Similar Charles on the first the state of th diaminated and and analysis to earling the continuity of the The second second second Servicent Courtes While hall therings and twentieth day of April, in the fixt veurcof Our Reigne of Hagland, Scotland, Panecand reland. God faue the King.

Annoxliii. Reginæ Elizebethæ.

refine of the poore.



Tit enacted by the authoris The Churchtie of this present Parisa, enery Parish, & ment, that the Churchware tiall houshold. dens of every parish, and be nominated foure, three, or two lubitane be Duerletts tiall housholders there, as for the poore. sball be thought meet, ha-

uing respect to the proportion and greatnes of the same Parithand Parishes, to be no. minated recreip in Caster weeke, or within one moneth after Easter, under the hand and Seale of two or more Julices of the peace in the same Countie, whereof one to be of the Quorum, dwelling in or neere the same Parish or division, where the same Parish doeth lie, chall be called Duerscers of the poore of the same parish.

And they, 02 the greater part of them shall take order from time to time, by and with Thiorenot the consent of two or more such Justices of the poore to be Peace as is afozefaid, for setting to worke of the children of all luch whose parents chall not by the said Churchwardens and Duerseers, oz the greater part of them, bee thought able to keepe and maintaine their children.

other substan-

An Act for the

children. And also for setting to worke all fuch persons married, or bumarried, hauing nomeans to maintaine them, ble no ordinary and dayly trade of life to get their living by, and also to raise weekly or otherwise (by taration of enery inhabitant, Parson, Uicar and other, and of energ occupier of Lands, Houses, Tithes impropriate, or Propriati= ons of tithes, Cole-mines, oz caleable underwoods in the faid Partib, in such competent fumme and fummes of money, as they shall Flare & Demp thinke fit (a convenient stocke of flare, hemp, wooll, threed, yron, and other necessary ware and Ausse to set the poore on worke, and also competent lums of money, foz, and towards the necessary reliefe of the same, impotent, old, blind, and such other among them being poore, a not able to worke, a also for the putting out of such children to bee apprentices, to be gathered out of the same Parish, accozding to the ability of the came Parish, and to doe and execute all other things, as well for the disposing of the said stocke, as otherwise concerning the premises, as to them wall seeme convenient. Which said Churchwardens and Duerleers so to be nominated, 02 such of them as Hall not be let by licknesse, oz other instercuse, to be allowed by two such Justices of Peace or more, as is aforesaid, hall meete together at the least once every moneth in the Church of the faid Parish, bp.

A Cocke of Fe.to be raised.

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Abe Churchmardens and Duerleers to meet together ance every monetb.

reliefe of the Poore.

on the Sunday in the afternoone, after di= uine Seruice, there to consider of some good courfe to be taken, and of some meet ozder to be let downe in the premisses, and that with in foure dates after the end of their yere, and after other Duerseers nominated as afoze= said, make and reeld by to such two Justices account to be of Peace as is a foresaid, a true and perfect Duerseers to Justices. account of all summes of money by them res of Piace. ceiued, oz rated and sessed, and not received, and also of such stocke as shall beein their hands, or in the hands of any of the poore to worke, and of all other things concerning their said office, and such summe or summes of money as shall be in their hands, shal pay and deliver over to the laid Churchwardens and Duerleers, newly nominated and appointed as is aforesaid, byon paine that eue ry one of them absenting themselves with out la wful cause as a fozefaid, from such monethly meeting for the purpose aforesaid, or being negligent in their office, or in the erecution of the Deders af opelaid, being made by and with the allest of the laid Jultices of Beace, or any two of them before mentio= ned, to forfeit for every such default of absence, oz negligence, twenty hillings.

And be it also enacted, that if the said Jus mes within the Aices of Peace doe perceine that the Inhabis taxed to wards tants of any Parish are not able to leuie a = the reliefe of pooze parish s. mong themselves sufficient summes of mo=

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An Act for the

ney for the purposes aforesaid: that then the said two Justices thall and may tare, rate and asselse, as aforesaid, any other of other Parishes, or out of any Parish within the Hundred where the caid Parish is to pay such sum and sums of money to the Churchwardens and Duerseers of the said pooze parity, for the laidpurpoles, as the laid Jultices wall thinke fit, according to the intent of this Law. And if the laid Hundzed thall not be thought to the said Justices, able, and sit to relieve the faid severall Parishes not able to promide for themselves as asoresaid; Then the Justices of Peace at their generall quarter Sellions, or the greater number of them, Mall rate and affesse, as afores said any other of other Parishes, or out of any Parish within the said County for the purpoles aforelaid, as in their discretion Challseeme fit.

And that it hall be lawfull as well for the present as subsequent Churchwardens, and Duerseers, or any of them, by warrant from any two such Justices of peace as is aforesaid, to leuie as well the said sums of money and all arrerages of every one that shall refuse to contribute according as they shall be assessed, by distresse and sale of the offendors goods, as the summes of money, or stock which shall be behinde by on any account to be made as a foresaid, rendring to

Dow to lenie money of fuch as refuse to pay.

reliefe of the Poore.

the parties the onervius, and in defect of such distresse, it shall be lawfull for any such two Justices of the Peace, to commit him or them to the common Goale of the Countie, there to remaine without baile or mainprise, untill paiment of the said sum arrera= ges and kocke. And the laid Julices of Punishment of Peace, oz any of them, to fend to the house of not work. correction or common Goale such as shall not employ themselves to worke, being ap= pointed thereunto as afozesaid: And also any two such Justices of Peace, to commit to the said pation, every one of the said Churchwardens and Duerleers, which thall refuse to accompt, there to remaine without baile or maineprise, untill he haue made a true accompt, and latified and paid so much as boon the said accompt shall be remaining in his hands.

And be it further enacted, that it shall be lawfull for the said Churchwardens and Duerseers, or the greater part of them, by the affent of any two Justices of the Peace afozelaid, to bind any such childzen as afoze. Pooze childzen Caid, to be apprentices, where they shall fee prentices by convenient till such man child shall come to wardens and the age of foure and twenty yeeres, and fuch Duerleers. woman childe to the age of one and twenty pears of the time of her mariage: The fame to be as effectuall to all purpoles, as if such child were of fullage, and by Indenture of

the Church-

couenant.

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covenant bound him or her selfe, And to the intent that necessary places of habitation may more conveniently be prouided for such poozeimpotent people, Beit enacted by the authority aforesaid, that it shall and may be lawfull for the said Churchwardens and Duerseers, or the greater part of them, by the leave of the Lord or Lords of the Man= nour, whereof any walte, oz Common with= in their Parishis of shall be parcell, and bp= on agreement befoze with him oz them made in writing under the hands and seales of the said Lozd and Lozds oz otherwise, ac= cozding to any ozder to be set downe by the Justices of Peace of the said Countie at their generall Quarter Sellions, or the greater part of them, by like leave and agreement of the said Lord or Lords, in writing bnder his oz their hands and feals. To erect, build and set by in sit and convenient Dwelling pla- places of habitation, in such waste or Common, at the generall charges of the Parish, 82 otherwise of the Hundred or Countie as aforesaid, to be taxed, rated and gathered, in manner befoze expressed, convenient houses of dwelling for the said impotent poore, and also to place Inmates or more families then one in one Cottage oz house, Dne Act made in the one a thirtieth yeere of her Da. testies Reigne, intituled, An Act against the erecting and maintaining of Cottages,

ces for impotent pooze to be built.

Fig.

reliefe of the poore.

oz any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding. Which Cottages and places for Inmates hal not at any time after be bled or imployed to or for any other habitation, but only for impotent and poore of the same Parish, that shall be there plas ced from time to time by the Churchwardens and Duerleers of the pooze of the same Parish or the most part of them, byon the paines and forfeitures contained in the faid former Act made in the said one and thirtieth peere of her Maiesties reigne.

Prouided alwayes, that if any person or as are geieued persons shall finde themselves grieued with with any Sette any Selle or Tare, or other Act done by the fard Churchwardens and other persons, or by the sayd Justices of Peace, that then it wall be lawfull for the Austices of Beace, at their generall quarter Selliong, 02 the greater number of them, to take such order therein as to them shalbe thought convenient, and the same to conclude and

binde all the layd parties.

And be it further enacted, That the fa Barents, ac. beingable, shall ther and Grandfather, and the Mother, maitain their and Grandmother, and the children of e= uery pooze, old, blinde, lame, and impos tent person, oz other pooze person, notable to worke, being of a sufficient abilitie, shall at their owne charges relieue and maintaine enery such poore person in that man-

ner

An Act for the

ner, and according to that rate, as by the Jui Rices of Peace of that County where such sufficient persons dwell, or the greater number of them, at their generall quarter Sessions thall bee assessed, byon paine that every one of them shall forfeit twenty shillings for enery moneth which they chalfaile

therein.

Maiors, Bay. littes, ac. of townes corporate, to haue aushozitie as Justices of Beace.

And be it further hereby enacted, That the Maiors, Bailisses, or other head Offi= cers of enery Towns, and place Corporate, and City within this Realme, being Justice or Justices of Peace, thall have the same authority by vertue of this Act, within the limits and precincts of their Jurisdictions, aswelout of Sellions as at their Sellions, if they hold any, as is hereinlimited, pre= scribed, and appointed to Justices of Peace of the County, or any two or more of them, or to the Justices of Peace in their quarter Sellions, to doe and execute for all the bles and purpoles in this Act prescribed, and no other Justice or Justices of Peace to enter or meddle there. And that every Alderman of the Citie of London within his ward, rity as two In thall and may doe and execute in enery res spect, so much as is appointed and allowed by this Act to be done and executed by one or two Justices of Peace of any Countie within this Realme. And be it also enacted, That if it wall hap-

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Enery Alderman of Londo to have author Miccsof Deace.

reliefe of the Poore.

pen, any Parish to extend it selfe into moze Counties then one, or part to lie within the Liberties of any City, Town, oz place Cozpotate, and part without, that then as well the Austices of Peace of every Countie, as also the head Officers of such City, Towne, or place corporate, thall deale and intermed meddle onely dle onely in so much of the said Parith, as listin their owne eth within their liberties, and not any fur= ther. And every of them respectively within their severall Limits, wards and Aurisdictions, to execute the ordinances before mentioned concerning the nomination of Duerfeers, the confent to binding Apprentices, the giving warrant to levie tarations bupayed, the taking account of Churchward. ens and Duerfeers, and the committing to pzison such as refuse to accompt, or deny to pay the arrerages due byon their accompts.

And pet neuerthelelle, the said Church = a double acwardens and Duerseers, or the most part of made. them of the faid Parishes, that doe extend into such severall Limits and Aurisdicti= ons, thall without dividing themselves, duely execute their office in all places within the said Parish, in all things to them below= ging, and thall duely exhibite and make one accompt before the said head Officer of the Cowne or place Corporate, and one other before the faid Justices of Deace, or any fuch

two of them as is aforefaid.

And

An Act for the

Forfeiture for not nominating Ducefoers.

And further be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if in any place within this Realme there happen to bee hereafter no such nomination of Duerseers recreivas is before appointed, that then every Justice of Peace of the County dwelling within the division, where such default of nomination chall happen, and every Maioz, Alderman, and head Officer, of City, Towne, oz place Corporate, where such default thall happen, shall lose and forfeit for every such default five pound, to be imployed towards the relicke of the pooze of the said Parish, or place Corporate, and to be levied as aforesaid of their goods by warrant from the generall Sessions of the Peace of the said Countie, oz of the same City, Towns, oz place Cozporate, if they keepe Sellions.

Penalties and forfeitures to be imployed to the poores vie.

And be it also enacted by the authority as foresaid, that all penalties and forestures, before mentioned in this Act to bee forseited by any person or persons, thall goe and be imployed to the bleos the poore of the same Partih, and towards a sock and habitation for them, and other necessary vies and reliefe as before in this Act are mentioned and expressed, and shalbe levied by the said Churchwars dens and Ducrseers, or one of them, by war, rant fro any two such Justices of Peace, or Maior, Alderman, or head Officer of Citie, Comn or place corporate, respectively with

reliefe of the Poore.

in their severall limites by distresse and sale thereof, as afozesaid, or in defect thereof, it shall be lawfull for any two such Justices of Beace, and the said Aidermen and head Officers within their leverall limits, to commit the offendoz to the said prison, there to re= maine without baile or maineprise, till the said forfeitures shalve satissied and paped.

And bee it further enacted by the authori = nevall sett tie afozesaid, that the Justices of Peace of euery County oxplace coxposate, ox the mose part of them in their generall Sellions to be holden nert after the feast of Casternert, and so recrely as often as they chall thinke meet, chall rate every Parish to such a weekely summe of money as they shall thinke conue= nient, so as no Parish bee rated about the summe of sixe pence, noz buder the summe of a halfepeny, weekely to be payed, and fo as the totall cumme of such taxation of the Pariches in enery County, amount not aboue the rate of two pence for every Parish with, Lenying of in the said County. Which summes so taxed, money rated. mall bee yeerely affelfed by the agreement of the Parishioners within themselves, of in default thereof, by the Churchwardens and petie Constables of the came Parish, or the more part of them, or in default of their a= areement, by the order of such Justice or Ju-Rices of Peace as thall dwell in the same Par rish, or (if none bee there dwelling) in the

Partificato be rated at the ac-

An act for the

parts nertadiopning. And if any person has refule or neglect to pay any such portion of money so taxed, it shalbe lawfull for the said Churchwardens and Constables, or any of them, or in their default for any Austice of Peace of the said limite, to leuie the same by diffreste, and sale of the goods of the party so refuling of neglecting, rendring to the party the overplus, and in default of fuch distresse, it halbe lawful to any Justice of that limit, to commit such person to the said prison, there to abide without baile or maine price,

till he have payed the same.

Reliefe of the Pospitals, &c.

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And be it also enacted, That the said Justices of the Peace at their generall quarter Sellions to bee holden at the time of such taration, hall let downe, what competent sums of money shall be sent quarterly out of pilioners in the enery County of place corporate, for the re-Kings Bench, leife of the pooze pzisoners of the Kings Bench, a Marchalley, and also of such Hospitals, and aimes houses, as that be in the said County, & what sums of money shalbe fent to every one of the said Hospitals, and almes houses, so as there be sent out of every Countie yeerely rr.s. at the least to each of the said prisons of the Kings Bench, and Warchalsey, which summes ratably to be allelled bpon every parity, the Churchwardens of euery Parish shall truely collect a pay over to the high Constables: in whose division such Parim

reliese of the poore.

Parish shall bee tituate, from time to time auarterly ten dayes before the end of enery quarter, and every such Constable at every such quarter Sessions in such County shall var ouer the fame to fuch two Treasurers, or to one of them, as wall by the more part of the Austices of Beace of the County, be elected to be the faid Treasurers, to be chosen by the Austices of Peace of the laid County, Citie, or towne, or place corporate, or of o= thers which were sessed and taxed at five pound lands, or ten pound goods at the least, at the taxe of Sublidie next before the time of the said Election to be made. Treasurers for

And the said Treasurers so elected to come ginne up their time for the cpace of one whole yere in their account at the office, and then to give by their charge with a due account of their receipts and disburse. ments, at the quarter Sellions to beholden next after the feast of Easter in every peece, to such others as mall from yeere to yeere, in forme aforesaid successively be elected Treas surers, for the said County, Citie, Towne, or L. chiefe Juplace copposate, which said Treasurers or Marchall. one of them thall pay over the came to the Lord chiefe Justice of England, and Anianc Marchalfor the time being, equally to be diuided to the vie aforelasd, taking their ac= auttance for the same, or in default of the said chiese Julice, to the next ancientest Justice of the kings Bench as aforesaid.

And

An act for the

C'urchwarven oz high Conitable fatting patment

And if any Churchwarden ozhigh Constable, ozhis executozs oz administratozs, chall faile to make payment in fozme aboue specified, then every Churchwarden, his executozs oz administratozs, so offending, shall fozfeit foz every time the summe of ten shillings, and every high Constable, his executozs oz administratozs, shall fozfeit foz every time, the sum of xx. s. the same fozfeit very time, the sum of xx. s. the same fozfeit very time, the sum of xx. s. the same fozfeit very time by the said Treasurer and Treasurers, by way of distresse and sale of the goods as afozesaid, in sozme asozesaid, and by them to bee imployed towards the charitable bees compzised in this Act.

Dow the furplusage halve beitowed. And bee it further enacted. That all the surplusage of money which shall be remaining in the said Stocke, of any County, shall by discretion of the moze part of the Justices of Peace in their quarter Sessions, be ordered, distributed and bestowed for the reliefe of the pooze Pospitals of that County, and of those that shall sustaine losses by sire, water, the Sea, or other Casualties, and to such other charitable purposes, for the releife of the pooze, as to the moze part of the said Justices of Peace chall seeme convenient.

And bee it further enacted, That if any treasurer elected, shall wisfully resule to give the reliefe take byon him the sayd office of Treasurer appointed. Hip, 02 resule to distribute and give reliefe,

02

reliefe of the Poore.

or to account according to such forme as mall be appointed by the more part of the said Justices of peace, That then it shall be lawfullfor the Judices of Peace in their Marter Sellions, oz in their defauit, foz the Justices of Assize, at & Auses to be holden in the same Countie, to use the same Treasurer by their discretion: the same fine not to be under three pound, and so be leui= ed by fate of hisgoods, and to be profecuted by any two of the said Justices of Peace, whom they hall authorize.

Provided alwaies, that this Act Chall not take effect butilithe Featt of Caster next.

And be it enacted, that the Statute made Aformer Stain the nine and thirtieth pere of her Maie of the Book sties Recans entituted, An Act for the reliefe of the pooze, that continue and stand in fozce untill the feath of Fasternert. And that all Taxations heretofoze imposed a not paped, noz that that be paved before the faid feast of Catternert, And that all Taxes hereafter before the said feast, to be taxed by bertue of the faid former Act, which that not be payed before the late feast of Gaster, challand may after the laid freak of Galler, be leuied by the Duerscers and other persons in this Act respectively appointed, to leup tarations by distresse, a by such warrant in every respect, as if they had been taxed a imposed by vertue of this Act, and were not paid. 1920uided

An Act for the

The Ilandick Fowlenelle.

Provided alwayes, that whereas the Iland of fowlenesse in the Countie of Ester, being inuironed with the Sea, and having a Chappel of ease for the inhabitants thereof, and yet the said Ilandis no Parish, but the Lands in the same are situated within divers Parishes, farre distant from the same Aland, Beit therefore enacted by the author ritie afozesaid, that y said Justices of peace wall nominate and appoint Inhabitants within the said I land to be Duerseers for the pooze people dwelling within the said Aland, and that both they the said Justices, and the said Duerseers shall have the same power and authozity to all intents, confide= rations and purpoles, for the execution of the parts and articles of this Act, and shall be subject to the same paines and forfeis tures, Alikewise that the inhabitants and occupiers of lands there, mail be lyable and chargeable to the same paiments, charges, erpences, and orders in such manner and formeas if the same Iland were a Parity. In consideration whereof, neither the said inhabitants, oxoccupiers of land within the said Jiand, chall not be compelled to con= tribute towards the reliefe of the pooze of those parishes, wherin their houses or lands. which they occupy within the said Iland are lituated, fo2,02 by reason of their said ha= bitations of occupyings, other then for the reliefe

reliefe of the Poore.

reliefe of the poore people within the lato I= land, neither yet shall the other inhabitants of the Parishes wherein such houses or lands are lituated, bee compelled, by reason of their restancie or dwelling, to contribute to the reliefe of the pooze inhabitants with=

in the said Fland.

And bee it further enacted, that if any a suite com-Action oz Trespasse, oz other suite shall hap- menced a-gainst him. pen to bee attempted and brought against any person or persons for taking of any dis Arelle, making of any fale, or any other thing doing, by authozitie of this present Act: The defendant or defendants in any such action or fuit, hall, and may either plead not guilty, ozotherwise make Auowzy, Cognisance, oz Justification, for the taking of the said ditrelles, making of fale, oz other thing doing, by vertue of this Act, alledging in such A= nowry, Cognisance, or Justification, That the said distresse, sale, trespasse, oz other thing whereof the plaintiffe or plaintiffes complained, was done by authozitie of this Act, and according to the tenour, purport, and effect of this Act, without any exprecang or rehearfall of any other matter of circumstance contained in this present Act. To which Auswrie, Cognisance, or Justissication on, the laintiffe thall be admitted to reply, That the Defendant did take the said Distresse, made the said sale, or did any other

whe Defenda

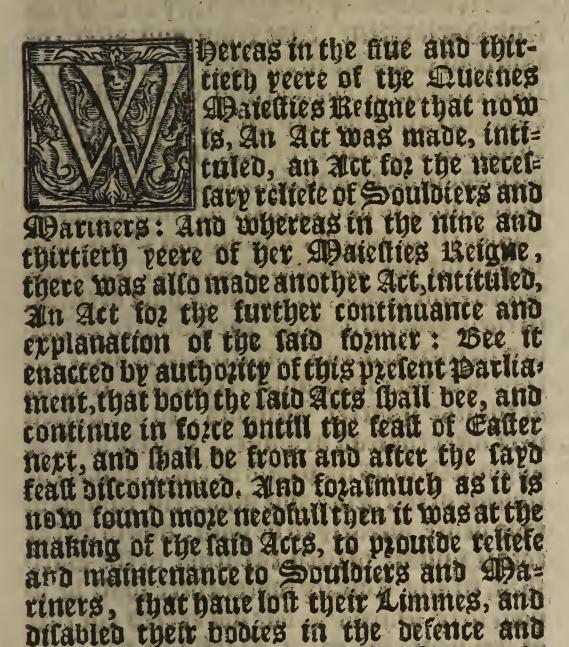
An Act for the,&c.

Act of Trespasse, supposed inhis declaration on of his owne worng, without any such cause alledged by the said Desendant, whereupon the issue in every such Action shalve topited, to be treed by verdict of tweltte men, and not other wife, as is accustomed in other personall actions. And byon the triall of that issue, the whole matter to be given on both parties in euidence, according to the very truth of the same. And after such issue tryed, for the Wesendant or non-suite of the Plaintife, after appearance, the same De= fendant to recouer treble dammages, by reason of his wrongfull veration in that behalfe, with his Colts also in that part sustained, and that to bee assessed by the same Jury, or writ to enquire of the dammages, as the same shall require. Provided alwates that this Act hall endute no longer then to the end of the next Session of Parliament.

Anno

Anno xliij. Reginæ Elizabethæ.

An Acte for the necessary reliefe of Souldiers and Mariners.



service of her Maiestie and the State, in

respect the number of the said Souldiers is

so much the greater, by how much her

Matesties

An Act for the reliefe

Maieuies inst and honourable defensive warres are increased: To the end therefore, that they the said Souldiers and Mariners may reap the fruits of their good deservings, and others may be encouraged to perfect the said of the said of the said to perfect the said of the

forme the like endeauours:

Energyarish charged with a weekly fun towards the reliefe of Souldiers.

Be it enacted by the authority of this prefent Parliament, that from and after the said feast of Easter next, every parish within this Realme of England and Wales, shall be charged to pay weekly such a sum of money. towards the reliefe of lick, hurt, and mais med Souldiers and Pariners, that so have bin as afore is faid, or that love their Lims, or disable their bodies, having bin Pzest, and in pay for her Materies service, as by the Justices of Peace, or the more part of them. in their general quarter Sellions, to be holden in their severall counties, next after the feast of Easter next, and so from time to time at the like quarter Sellions, to bee holden nert after the featt of Easter, peerely chall be appointed, to as no partify be rated about the summe of ten pence, noz bnder the summe of two pence weekely to be paid, and so as the totall lumme of such taxation of the Parts thes, in any County wherethere thall be as boue fifty Parishes, doe not exceed the rate of tire pence for energ Parith in the came Countie, which summes so taxed, chall be peerely allelled by the agreements of the parishioners

The taration of energyarity.

of Souldiers and Mariners.

rishioners within themselves, or in default therof, by the Church wardens and the pety Constables of the same parish, or the more part of them, or in default of their agrees ment, by the order of such Justices, 02 Austice of Peace, as shall dwell in the same parish, or if none beethere dwelling, in the parts next adiogning.

And if any person thall refuse or neglect to Resuling to pay any such postion of money so taxed, it pay the money Hall be lawfull for the said Churchwardens and pety Constables, and enery of them, oz in their defaults, for the said Justices of Peace, or Justice, to leup such summe by di stresse and sale of the goods or chattels of the party so refusing or neglecting, rendring to the party, the overplus raised byon such sale.

And for the collecting and custodie of the Churchward. Cummes taxed in forme aforesaid. Be it enace to the high ted, that the Churchwardens, and pety Confables stables of energ parish, shall truely collect taxed. every such sum, and the same shall pay over buto the high Constable, in whose division such parish chall be cituate, ten dayes before the quarter Sellions, to be holden nert before, or about the feast of the Natiuity of . Iohn Baptist nert, in the County where the said parish shall be situate, and so from time to time, quarterly within ten dayes befoze enery quarter Sessions. And that energ such high Constable, at every such quarter Sellions

An Act for the reliefe

Seffions in fuch County, chall pay ouer the same to two such Justices of Peace, or to one of them, or to two such other persons, or one of them, as that be by the more part of the Justices of peace of the same Counter elected, to be Treasurers of the laid Collection, the same other persons, to be elected Treasurers, to be such, as at the last taratio of the Sublisie next before the same election, wait be valued, a selsed at ten pounds in lands perely or at lifteene pounds in goods: which Treasurers in enery Counter to chosen, shall continue but for the space of one inhole reere, and then give by their charge, with a du account of their receits & disbursments, at their meeting in Gader quarter Sellions, exwithin ten daies after, to such others, as thall from yeere to yere in the forme aforesaid, successively be elected.

Churchwardens, Ar. falling to make payment. And if any Church-warden, pettie Confable, ox high Constable, ox his erecutors, ox administrators, shall faile to make payment in some about specified, then every Church-warden, and pettie Constable, his erecutors ox administratours so offending, shall for seit the summe of twenty shillings, And every high Constable, his erecutors ox administrators, the summe of source shill lings, to bee levied by the Areasurers aforesaid, by disresse and sale in maner before expressed, and to be taken by the said Creasurers,

of Souldiers and Mariners.

furers, in augmentation of their stock, to the vles afozelaid.

And if any Treasurer, his executors or administrators, shall faile to give by his account within the time aforesaid, or shall bee otherwise negligent in the execution of his charge, then itshall bee lawfull for the more part of the Justices of Peace, of the same County in their Sessions, to assess fuch fine byon such Treasurer, his executors or administrators, as in their discretion shall seeme convenient, so it bee not be former of furnity of the same former.

fumme of five pounds.

And for the true and fust distribution and employment of the cummes to received, accoeding to the true meaning of this Ala, Be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, that every Souldier or Mariner, having had his or their limmes lost, or disabled in their bo: dies by service, being in her Maiesties pay, as aboue is mentioned, or such as shall hereafter returne into this Realme, hurt, or mais med, or grieuoully lick, Chall repayre, if he be able to travell, and make his complaint to the Treasurers of the County, out of which he was pressed, or if he were no press man, to the Treasurers of the County where hee was borne, or last inhabited by the space of three yeeres, at his election. And if he be not able to travell, to the Treasurers of the County where hee Mall land, or arrive, and Chall

A Treaturer failing of account, or negrother than the

To which treas furer the Souls dier thall res paire for reliefe.

An Act sorthe reliese

outho thall make the Soulders certificate.

Allowance of the Certifi= tate.

Treasurers Hall alligne reliefe to sol= diers. thail bring a certificate buto any of the Treas furers aforesaid, buder the hand and Seale of the Generall of the Campe, 02 Gouernour of the Towne wherein hee terued, and of the Captaine of the Band, bnder whom hee ferned, ozhis Lieutenant, ozin the absence of the laid Generall or Governour, from the Marshall or Deputie of the Governour, or from any Admirall of her Maiesties fleet. or in his absence, from any other Generall of: her Maiesties thips at the Seas, or in absence of such Generall, from the Captaine of the thip wherein the caid Apariners or Soul: diers did serue the Queenes Maiestie, containing the particulars by his hurts and services, which Certificate shalbe also allows ed of the generall ABustermaster, for the time being, resident here within this Realme, or Receiver generall of the Abuster Rolles, The Treasurer and Controller of her Ma iesties Pauie, bnderhishand, for the auop: ding of all fraud, and Counterfeiting: Then byon such Certificate, such Treasurers as are before expressed, shall according to the nas ture of his hurt, and commendation of his service, assigne untohim such a postion of reliese, as in their discretions Mall seeme cons uenient for his present necessity, butill the next quarter Sellions, at the which it thall be lawfull for the more part of the Justices of Peace binder their hands, to make an In-Arument

of Souldiers and Mariners.

Arument of grant of the came, or like reliefe, to endure, as long as this Act chall stand or endure in force, if the fame Souldier or Mariner Chall so long live, and the came pension not bee duly revoked or altered, which shall be a sufficient warrant to all Treasurers for the same Countie, to make payment of fuch pension buto such persons quarterly, except the came chalbe afterward by the caid Justices renoked or altered. So that such reliefe as shall bee assigned by such Treasurers or Justices of Peace to any such Souldier or Mariner, having not borne of fice in the faid warres, exceed not the fumme in grosse nor yearely pension of ten pounds. Por to any that hath borne office under the degree of a Lieutenant, the summe of fifteene pounds. Por to any that hath served in the office of Lieutenant, the cumme of twentie pounds.

And pet neuerthelesse, it shall and may be lawfull to and for the Justices of Peace and others, having authority by this Act, to assigne pensions to Souldiers a Maxiners, by on any just cause, to revoke, diminish, or after the same from time to time, according to their discretions in the generall quarter Sessions of the Peace, or generall assemblies for Cities or Townes corporate, where the same pension shall be granted.

And whereas it must needs fall out, that Ω_2 many

Justices shall grant reliefe to Souldiers.

bow much realiefe that he ale

The Justices may after souldiers reliefe.

An Act for the reliefe

Souldiers ariuing far from the place where they are to have reliefe. many of fuch hurt and maimed Souldiers and Mariners, doe arrive in Ports, and places farre remote from the Counties, whence they are by vertue of this Aa, to receive their yeerely Annuities, and pensis ons, As also they are prescribed by this Act, to obtaine the allowance of their Certifiz cates from the Mustermaster, oz Receiver Generall of the Adulter Rolles, who commonly is like to abide about the Court or London, so as they wall need at the first, prouision for the bearing of their charges, to such places: Be it therefore enacted, that it map be lawfull for the Treasurers of the Countie where they Mall arrive, in their dilcretion byon their Certificate (though not allowed) to give them any convenient reliefe for their journey, to earry them to the next County, with a testimoniall of their allowance, to passe on towards such a place. And in like manner chall it be lawfull for the Treas furer of the next County to doe the like, And so from County to County (in the direct way) till they come to the place where they are directed to finde their maintenance, accoz= ding to the tenure of this Statute.

And for the better erecution of this Ace in all the branches thereof, Bee it enacted, that enery the Treasurers, in their severall Counties, thall keepe a true booke of computation, of all such summes as they levie, and also

The Areafterers booke of Computation, and Register.

of Souldiers and Mariners.

also a Register of the names of every such person buto whom they shall have disbursed any reliefe, And Chall also preserve, or enter euery Certificate, by warrant whereof, such reliefe hath beene by them disbursed, And also that the Dustermaster, or Receiver generall of the Abuster Rolles, shall keepe a booke, wherein chall be entred the names of all such, whose Certificates shall bee by hun allowed, with an abstract of their Certificates, And that every Treasurer returning, or not accepting the Certificate brought buto him from the faid Abuster master, shall write and subscribe the cause of his not accepting, or not allowing there of, under the said Certificate, or on the back thereof.

And be it further enacted. That if any A Treasurer Treasurer shall wilfully, refuse to distribute gine restefe. and give any reliefe, according to the forme of this Act. That it shall be lawfull for the Justices of peace, in their quarter Sessions, to fine such Treasurers, by their discretions, as aforelaid, The came sine to beeleused by distresse and sale thereof, to bee profecuted by any two of them, whom they wall authorise.

And be it also enacted, that every Souldier 02 Abariner that shall be taken begging, in any place within this Realme, after the Feast of Casternert, Drang that shall coun-

ASouldier begging, oz counterfeiting & Certificate.

terfeit

An Act for the reliefe

terfeit and Certificate in this Act expected, shall for ever lose his Annuitie or pension, and shall be taken, deemed, and adjudged as a common Rogue, or Tagabond person, and shall have, and sustaine the same, and the like paines, imprisonment and punishment, as is appointed and provided for common Rogues and Tagabond persons.

The furplusiage of the Rock.

All the surplusage of money which shall bee remaining in the Stock of any County, shall by the discretion of the more part of the Justices of Peace, in their quarter Sessions bee ordered, distributed and bestowed by on such good and charitable bles, and in such forme as are limited and appointed in the Statutes made and now in force, concerning reliefe of the poore, and punishment of Rogues and Beggars.

Chieke Dfticers in Copperate Cownes. Provided alwayes that the Jultices of peace within any Country of this Realine or Males, thall not intromit or enter into any City, Borough, Place, or Towns corporate, where is any Justice of Peace for any Luch Citie, Borough, Place or Towns corporate, for the execution of any Article of this Act: But that it thall be lawfull to the Justice and Justices of the peace, Paiors, Bailistes, and other head Officers of those Cities, Boroughs, Places, & Cownes corporate where there

of Souldiers and Mariners.

there is any Justice of Peace to proceed to the execution of this Aa, within the precinct and compasse of their liberties, in such mans ner as the Justice of Peace in any County may doe, by vertue of this Ala. And that e uery Justice of Peace within every such Citie, Bozough, Place or Towne corporate, for every offence by him committed, contrary to the meaning of this Statute, Chalbe fine able, as other Justices of peace at the large in the Counties are in this Ac appointed to be. And that the Paioz and Justices of Peace in enery such Bozough, Place and Towne corporate, Mall have authority by this present Act, to appoint any person, for the receiung of the faid money, and paying the came within such Citie, Bozough, Place or Towne corporate; which person to appointed, shall have authority to doe all such things, and be subject to all such penalties, as high Constables, by vertue of this Act Gould haue oz be.

And be it enacted, that all forfeitures to how the for bee forfeited by any Treasurer, Collector, imployed. Constable, Church warden, or other person, for any cause mentioned in this Ala, Mall be imployed to the reliefe of such Souldiers and Mariners, as are by this Act appoint ted to take and have reliefe, And after that reliefe fatisfied, then the overplus thereof, with the ouerplus of the Bocks remaining

feitures shalbe

An Act for the reliefe

in any the faid Treasurers hands, Hall bee imployed as is before mentioned, to the chas ritablevses, expected in the said Statutes, concerning the reliefe of pooze, and for punishment of Rogues and Beggers, (er cept the caid Justices, or the more part of them, Mall thinkse meet to referue and keepe the fame in stock for the maintenance and reliefe of fuch Souldiers and Mariners, as out of the came County may afterward bee appointed, to receive reliefe and pensions.) And that the reliefe appointed to bee given by this Act, Mall be given to Souldiers and Mariners, out of the County or place where they were pressed, sofar forth as the Taxatic on limited by this Ala, will extend. And if the whole Taxation there, shall be before in: ployed, according to the meaning of this Ala, orthat they shall not be prest men, then out of the place where they were borne or last inhabited, by the space of three yeeres, at his or their election.

Pensions affigued, to stand in force, though the Statute be repealed.

Sales Sales

Provided alwayes, and be it enacted, that every pension assigned heretofore to any Souldier or Apariner, or that shall be assigned before the said feast of Easter nert, not withstanding the discontinuance of the said two former Acts, shall stand in force, and shall yearly from and after the said feast of Easter next, be satisfied and payed, out of such Taxations and forfeitures, as shall be made, colations and forfeitures, as shall be made, colatically

of Souldiers and Mariners.

leated, and levied by force of this Aa, folong as the said pension shall remaine inforce. Without fuch revocation or diminishing, as is before in this Act mentioned. Which clause of renocation or diminishing before mentioned, shall extend as well to pensions heretofoze assigned, as to such as at any time hereafter, befoze, oz after the said feast of Gaster, shall bee assigned to any person or persons.

And bee it also enaced, that all arrerages Torations made of Taxations heretofoze made, by vertue of and not lemin. the faid former Statutes, or any of them. which thall be or remaine, at the faid feast of Casternert, preollected, and not received, oz leuted, shall, and may by authority of this Act, be had, received, and levied, by Luch persons, and in such manner and forme, as in euerp respect. Carations made by bertue of this Aa, are appointed to bee collected, receiued and leuied, and shall be imployed to the ples expressed in this Act, and no other: wile.

Prouided al waies, and bee it enacted by Afthe rate be the authority aforesaid, that if the said rate Souldiers in thall bee thought not to bee sufficient for the London. reliefe of fuch Souldiers, and Mariners, as shall be to be relieved within the City of London, That then it shall bee lawfull for the Abaio2, Recorder, and Aldermen of London, or the more part of them, to rate and

tare.

An Act for punishment

tare, such reasonable tare, summe and summes of money, for the said reliefe, as thall be to them thought fit and convenient, So as such summe and summes of money. so to be rated, doe not exceed three thillings weekely out of any Paristy, and so as in the totall, the fumme chall not exceed, oz bee bnder twelue pence weekely out of every Parish, one with another, within the faid Citie and the Liberties thereof. This Aa to ens dure to the end of the next Sellion of Parlias ment and no longer.

Anno xxxix. Reginæ Elizabethæ.

An Act for punishment of Rogues, Vagabonds, and sturdy Beggers.



Or the suppressing of Rogues, Magabonds & Aurdie Begs gers, be it enaced by the authouty of this present pats liament, that from, and after the feast of Caster next com=

succession ming, all Statutes heretofoze made for the punishment of Rogues, Hagabonds, or stur die Beggers, 102 for the erection or maintes nance of houses of correction, or touching the lamo

Rogues, et. remeakd.

.523 (52)

came, chall for so much as concerneth the same be betterly repealed : and that from , and after the said Feast of Easter, from time to time it Hall and may be lawfull to, and for the Juffices of Peace of any County or City in this Realme or the Dominions of Wales, assembled at any Quarter Sessions of the Deace within the fame County, City, Bo: rough, or Towne corporate, or the more part of them, to let downe order to creat, a to caule to be ereaed one or more houses of Correcti Peace thall set on within their seuerall Counties of Cities: bowne of der for for the doing and performing whereof, and maintenance of for the proutding of stocks of money, and all boutes of corres other things necessary for the same, and for raising and governing of the same, and for correction and punishment of offenders this ther to be committed, such orders as the same Justices, or the more part of them shall from time to time take, reforme, or let down in any their said Quarter Sessions in that behalfe, chall be of force, and be duely performed and put in execution:

And bee it also further enacted by the aus wortho thall be thority aforesaid, that all persons calling adindged Rogues, Jiaga. themselves Schollars, going about beg bonds, and nurging, all Sea karing men, pretending losses de Beggers. of their thips or goods on the Sea, going a: bout the countrey begging, all idle persons, going about in any countrey, either begging or bling any subtile craft, or bulawfull

An Act for punishment

games and playes, or faining themselves to haue knowledge in Physiognomie, Palme: stry, or other like crasty Science, or pretending that they can tell Destinies, Fortunes, or fuch other like fantacticall imaginations: All persons that be, or otter themselves to be Prodois, Procurers, Patentigatherers, or Collectors for Gaoles, prisons or Hospitals: All Fencers, Bearewards, Common Plays ees of Interludes, and Ahinstels, wande ring abroad (other then Players of Inters ludes belonging to any Baron of this Realme, or any other honourable personage of greater degree, to bee authorised to play under the hand and Seale of Armes of Luch Baron oz personage) all Juglers, Tinkers, Pedlars, and pety Chapmen Wanderingabroad, all wandering persons, and common Labourers, being persons able in body, be sing logiering, and refusing to worke for such reasonable wages, as is taxed or com? monly given in such parts, where such pers sons doe, or shall happen to dwell or abide, not having living otherwise to maintaine themselves: All persons delivered out of Gaoles that begge for their frees, or others wife doetrauaile begging: All such persons as thall wander abroad begging, pretending losses by fire, or otherwise: And all such persons not being felons, wandering and pres tending themselves to bee Egyptians, or man=

Wandering in the habit, forme, or attire of counterfeit Egyptians, Chall be taken, abiudged, and deemed Rogues, Uagabonds, and Aurdy beggers, and Chall Lusteine Luch paine and puntshments, as by this Act is

in that behalfe appointed.

And be it enacted by the authority afore: The punishment said, that every person which is by this present Act declared to be a Rogue, Clagabond, or sturdy begger, which shall be at any time after the laid feast of Easter next comming, taken begging, vagrant, wandzing oz mif ordering themselves in any part of this Realme, or the Dominion of Wales shall by on their apprehension by the appointment of any Justice of the Peace, Constable, Bead= bozough oz Tythingman of the came County, Hundzed, Parish, oz Tything, Where such person shall be taken, the Tythingman or Headborough being affisted therein with the aduce of the Aginister, and one other of that parity, be stripped naked from the mide dle by wards, and shall bee openly whipped untill his or her body be bloody: and shall be forthwith cent from parish to parish, by the Officers of every the same, the next straight way to the parish where heer was borne, if the same may be knowen by the parties confestion oz otherwise. And if the same be not knowen, then to the parish where hee or shee last dwelt before the same punishment by the D 3

An Act for the punishment

Cpace of one Pohole years, there to put him or her selfs to labour, as a true subject ought to doe: Drnot being knowen Where hee or she was borne, or last dwelt, then to the parish through which he or she last passed with

out punishment.

A testinoniall after purish ment.

After which whipping, the same person Challhaue a testimoniali subscribed with the hand, a sealed with the seale of the same Ju-Aice of the peace, Constable, Headbozough oz Tythingman, a of the Adimster of the same parishioz of any two of them, testifying that the same person bath beene punished accozding to this act, and mentioning the day and place of his other punishment, and the place wherebuto such person is limited to goe, and by what time the faid person is limited to passe thitheeat his periss. And if the said perfon through his or her default doe not accompliff the order appointed by the said testimos niall, then to be eftsoones taken a whipped, and to as often as any default thall be found in him or her contrary to the forme of this Catute, in every place to be whipped, till fuch person be repaired to the place limited: The Cubstance of which test inoniall shall be regi-Ared by the minister of that parish, in a booke to be provided for that purpole; byon paine to forfeit 5. Millings for every default theres of, and the party so whipped, & not knowen where hee or the was borne, or last dwelt by 中毒素 the

the space of a years, shall by the officers of the said Willage where he or the so last past thos row without punishment, bee conneied to the house of Correction of the limit wherein the said Uillage standeth, or to the common Gaole of that County or place; there to res maine and be imployed in Worke, butill hee or the thall be placed in some service, and so to continue by the space of one yeare, or not being able of body, butill he or the thall be placed to remaine in some Almeshouse in the same Countie or place.

1Drouided alwaies, and bee it enacted, If progues which any of the said Rogues Hall appeare to bee will not by redangerous to the inferiour sozt of people formed. where they shall be taken, or otherwise bee such as will not be reformed of their roguith kinde of life by the former provision of this Ala, that in every such case it shall and may be lawfull to the faid Justices of the limit where any such Rogue shall be taken, or any two of them, wherefone to be of the Quorum to commit that iRoque to the house of correation, or otherwise to the Gaole of the County there to remaine butill their next quarter Sellions to be holden in that County, and then such of the same Rogues so committed, as by the Justices of the Peace then and there present, or the most part of them, shall be thought fit not to be delivered, shall and may lawfully by the same Justices, or the

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An Act for the punishment

Rogues to be banished the Realmet, or committed to the Gallics.

most part of them, bee banished out of this Realme, and all other the dominions there of, and at the charges of that Countrey, shall bee conveyed but such parts beyond the Seas as shall be at any time hereafter for that purpose assigned by the Privy Councell but her Maiesty, her heires or successors, or by any sixeor more of them, whereof the L. Chancellor, or L. keeper of the great Seale, or the L. Treasurer for the time being to bee one, or otherwise be judged perpetually to the Gallies of this Realme, as by the same Justices or the most part of them it shall bee thought six and expedient.

and if any such Rogue so banished as a societate shall return again into any part of this Realme or dominion of Wales Without lawfull licence or warrant so to doe, that in every such case, such offence shall be felony, and the party offending therein suffer death as in case of selony: The said selony to bee heard and determined in that County of this Realme or Wales, in which the offender shall

beapprehended.

The forfeithre of a Constable Ac. not doing his duty.

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- 40 1 1 to

Rogues returning after ba-

nishment, to be reputed ffe-

ions.

and be it also enacted by the authority as foresaid that if any Todone, Parish, or Willage, the Constable, Peadborough or Trethingman be negligent and doe not his or their best endeauours for the apprehension of such Nagabond, Rogue or sturdy Begger, which there shall bee found contrary to the forme

forme of this present Act, and to cause every of them to bee punished and conneied accors ding to the true meaning of this present Act, that then the said Constable, Peadbozough, or Tithingman, in whom such default shall be, thall lose and forfeit for every such default

ten shillings.

And also if any person or persons doein as Dianching the ny wife disturbe or let the execution of this execution of Law, or any part thereof, concerning the pus nishment or conveying of Rogues, Tagas bonds, Aurdy Beggers, or the reliefe or let= ling of pooze impotent persons in any maner of wife, or make rescous against any Difficer or person authorised by this present Act for the due execution of any the premises, the same person so offending that forfeit a lose for enery such offence the summe of five pound, and shall be bound to the good behaviour.

And bee it also further enacted by the aus Binging into thouty aforelaid. That no person or persons Ind. Scotting hauing charge in any boyage, in passing from Clagabonds. the Realmes of Areland or Scotland, or from the Ide of Adam into this Realme of England, doe wittingly or willingly bring or connex, or fuffer to be brought or connex= ed in any Tessell or Boate from and out of the said Realme of Ireland, Scotland, or Alle of Man, into the Realme of England oz ndales or any part thereof, any Magabond, Rogue, or Begger, or any such as shall be for-

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An Act for punishment

ced or very like to live by begging within the Realme of England of Males, being borne in the same Realmesor Asland, on paine of enery fuch person to offending, to forfeit and lote for enery such Wagabond, Rogue, Beg: ger, or other person like to line by beaging. rr.s. to the vie of the pooze of the faid Parish in which they were lettonland. And if any fuch Danniske, Scottish, or Itish Rogne, bagabond, or begger, be already, or shall at a ny time hereafter be fet on land, or shall come into any part of England of Wates, the fame after he or the thall be punished as aforefaid, mall bee conneped to the next Portor Parish in orneere which thep were landed or first came, in such sort as Roques are appointed to bee by this present act, and from thence to be transported at the common charge of the County where they were set on land, in: to those parts from whence they came oz were brought. And that enery Constable, Headbozough, and Tythingman, neglecting the due performance thereof, thall forfeit for enery such offence ten shillings.

Discased persons resorting to Bath and Burton-

dinionismital

TON MENTAL OF THE

Be it turcher enacted by the authoritie aforelaid, that no diseased or impotent poore personship at any time resort or repaire from their dwelling places to the City of Bath, or Towns of Burton, or either of them to the Bashs there for the ease of their griefes, bulesse such person doe sorbeare to begge,

dar

and bee-licensed to passe thither by two Ju-Nices of the Peace of the County where such person doth or shall then dwell or res maine, and provided for to travaile with such reliefe, for a towards his or her maintenance, as shal benecessary for the same pers son, for the time of such his or her travaile a abode at the city of Bath, and town of Bura ton, or either of them, and returne thence, and Chall returne home againe, as Chall be lie mited by the said licence, bpon paine to be reputed, punished, and bled as Roques, Tlagabonds, and Aurdy Beggers declared by this present Act. And that the inhabitants of the same City of Bath, and Towns of Burs ton shall not in any wife be charged by this Act with the finding the reliefe of any such pooze people.

Provided alwayes, That the Justices of The Justices Within Towns Weace within any County of this Realm or Corporate thall wales, shall not intromit or enter into any only intermed-City, Bozough, oz Towns cozpozate, where be any Justice or Justices of the Peace for any such City, Bozough, or Towns Corps: rate, for the execution of any Branch, Article or sentence of this Alet, for or concerning any offence, matter, oz cause growing oz arising within the Precincts. Liberties, 02 Jurisdiction of such City, Bozough, or Townes Corporate, But that it may and shalve lawfull to the Justice and Justices of the Peace,

Adaio25,

. An Act for punishment

Maiors, Bailiffes, and other head Difficers of those Cities, Bozoughes, and Townes Corporate, where there bee such Justices of the Peace, to proceed to the execution of this Act, within the precinct and compasse of their Liberties, in such maner and some as the Justices of Peace in any County may or ought to doe within the same County by vertue of this Act, Any thing in this Act to the contrary thereof not withstanding.

Provided alwayes, That this Act, or any thing therein contained, thall not extend to the poore people for the time being in the

Hospitall, called Saint Thomas Hospitall, otherwise called the Kings Hospitall, in the Bozough of Southwarks neers adiopning to the City of London, but that the Maioz, Commonalty, and Citizens of the said City

of London for the time being, shall and may have the rule, order, and government of the said Hospitall, and of the poor people therein

for the time being, Alny thing in this Act to

the contrary not with Aanding.

The Juriloiction of Iohn Dutton of Dutton selecued:

Holpitall in

Southwarke.

Provided alwayes, That this Act or any thing therein contained, or any authority thereby given, shall not in any wife extend to disinherit, prejudice, or hinder John Dutton of Dutton, in the County of Chester Esquire, his heires or assignes, for, touching or concerning any liberty, preheminence, authority, jurisdiction, or inheritance, which

the:

the said Iohn Dutton now lawfully bleth, or hath, or lawfully may or ought to ble within the County Palatine of Chester, and the County of the City of Chester, ozeither of them, by reason of any ancient Charters of any Kings of this land, or by reason of any prescription, blage, or title whatsoener.

And be it further enacted by the authority In what fort aforesaid, That all fines and forfeitures ap: wall be impointed or to grow by this present Act, (ex-ployed. cept such as are otherwise limited and aps pointed by this present Act shall wholly goe and be imployed to the vie of the reparations and maintenance of the faid houses of Cozrection, and stocke and store thereof, or reliefe of the pooze where the offence shall be committed, at the discretion of the Justices of the Peace of the same limit, City, Bozough, oz-Townse Corporate: And that all fines and forfeitures appointed, or to grow by conviction of any person according to this present Act, shall by warrant buder the hands and leales of any two or more of the Justices of the Peace of the same County, City, 280: rough, or Towne Corporate, beleuied by die Aresteand sale of the goods and chattels of the offender, which sale shall be good in the Law against such offender. And that if any of the said offences shalbe confessed by the offender, or that the same shall be proved by two sufficient and lawfull witnesses, before 19 3

An Act for punishment

such two or more Justices of the Peace, That then enery such person shall forthwith stand and be in the Law connicted thereof.

Justices of Peace may heare and determine the causes of this Statute. thouty aforelaid, that any two or more Justices of the Peace within all the faid several Shires, Cities, Boroughes, or Townes corporate, whereof one to be of the Quorum, shall have full power by authority of this present Act, to heare and determine all causes that shall grow or come in question by reason of this Act.

Commissioners to enquire for mony gathered.

And bee it also further enacted by the aus thozity afozesaid, that the Lord Chancelloz or keeper of the great Seale of England for the time being, shall and map at all times hereafter by vertue of this present act, with out further warrant, make and direct Com mission or Commissions under the great Seale of England, to any person or persons, aiuing them or some of them thereby aus thozity, as well by the oaths of good a lawfullmen, as of witnesses or examination of parties, or by any other lawfull waves or meanes whatsoever, to enquire what summes of money ozother things have been or shall bee collected or gathered for or to: wards the erection of any houses of Correca tion, or any Steckes or other things to set poore on work, or for the maintenance there: of at any time after the seventeenth day of Douember,

Douember, in the eighteenth peere of the Reigne of the Queenes most excellent Maiesty, anoby whom the same were orthall becollected orgathered, and to whose hands commen, and to what bee and by whose dis rection the same was or shall bee employed. And to call all a every such person a persons, and their sureties, and enery of their executors or administrators to an accompt: And to compell them and enery of them by attachment of their goods or bodies to appeare before them for the same, and to heare a determine the same, and to leute such monep and things as they shal find not to have been duly employed byon the said houses of Cozrection, or flockes, or boon other like bles, has uing in such other like vses respect of things past by the said Commissioners to be allowed of, either by distresse & sale of the goods and chattels of such persons as they shall thinke fit to bee chargeable or answerable for the same, or by imprisonment of their bodies at their discretion: And that the said Commissioners shall have full power and authority to execute the same Commission according to the tenoz and purport thereof: And that all their proceedings, doings, indgements, and executions by force and authority thereof, thall be and remaine good and availeable in the Law: which said money so levied by the said Commissioners, shall bee delivered and

An Act for punishment

and employed for the erecting or mainternance of the same.

A pronisson for poore Sea-faeing men.

Provided alwayes neverthelesse, That e= uery Seasfaring man suffering thipwracke, not having wherewith to relieve himselfe in his tranailes homewards, but having a Testimoniall bider the hand of some one Justice of the Peace, of, or neere the place where he landed, setting downe therein the place and time, where, and when he landed, and the place of the parties dwelling oz birth, buto which he is to passe, and a conue= nient time therein to be limited for his pafsage, shall and may without incurring the danger and penalty of this Act, in the viuall wapes directly to the place buto which he is directed to passe, and within the time in such his testimoniall limited for his passage, aske and receive frich reliefe as thall be necessary, in, and for his passage.

Slassemen not begging.

thing therein contained, shall extend to any children under the age of seven yeares, nor to any such Glassemen as shall be of good behaviour, and doe travaile in or through any Country, without begging, having sicence for their travailing under the hands and seales of three Justices of the Peace of the same Country where they travaile, whereof one to be of the Quorum.

And beeit also further enacted by the authority

thozitie afozelaid, that this present Act chail beeproclaimed in the nert quarter Sellion This actes 02 Sessions in every County, and insuch other market Townes oz places, as by the moze part of the Justices of the Peace in the faid Sellions shalbe agreed and appointed. This Act to endure to the end of the first Sellion of the next Parliament.

Certaine branches of the Statute made in the first yeere of the Reigne of King I AMES, concerning Rogues, Vagabonds, and fturdy Beggars.

Palmuch as lithence the masking of the Act of 39. Eliz. divers doubts and questions have been mooned and growen by diver= O little of opinions, taken in and boon the letter of the faid Act: For a plaine declaration whereof, Beit declared and en= acted, That from henceforth no Authoritie, to bee given or made by any Baron of this mo authoritie Realme, or any other honourable Perso= nage of greater degree, buto any other pers free others son or persons, shall be auaileable to free and discharge the said persons, or any of them Statute of from the paines and punishments in the said Statute mentioned, but that they chall

given by any Baron, ac. Hal from the offence and punillyment of the 39. Eliz.

An Act for continuance

be taken within the offence and punishment

of the same Statute.

Tallemen broughtwithin the Statute.

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And whereas in the faid Statute, there the compasse of is a Proviso conteined, that the said Stat tute, noz any thing therein conteined, thalk ertend to any such Glassemen as chall be of good behaufour, and thall trauell in 02 thos row any Countie without begging, having Licence foz their travelling, Under the hands and Seales of three Justices of the Peace of the same County, where they tra= nell, whereof one to bee of the Quorum, as by the Statute moze at large appeareth: Bp reason of which libertie, many notozious Rogues and Hagabonds, and euill disposed persons haue bndertaken, and doe professe the trade of Blassemen, and by colour thereof doe travell by and downe divers Counties of this Realme, and doe commit many Dickeries, petty felonies, and other misoes meanours: for the auoding of which inconuentence, Bee it established and enacted by the Authoritie of this present Parliament, That from and after two moneths nert al= ter the end of this present Sellion of Parliament, all fuch person and persons, as malk wander by and downe the Countrey to self Glasses, shall be adjudged, deemed, and taken as Rogues and Uagabonds, and Chall fuffer the like paine and punishment in enery des gree, as is appointed to bee inflicted byon Rogues, of the Statute for Rogues.

Roques, Usgabonds and fintdy Beggers, by the intent and true meaning of the said Statute, made in the nine and thirtieth peere of the Reigne of the laid late Queens Elizabeth, and shall be set down limitted, and appointed by this present Act. Any thing in the said Starute of the nine and thirtieth peere of her faid Reigne to the contrasy there

of in any wife not with Ganding.

And forasmuch as one branch of the Sta- Rognesbrans. tute of 39. Eliz is taken to bee some what de = y201 R. fective, for that the said Roques having no Marke boon them to bee knowne by, not: withstanding such judgement of Banish ment, may returne or retire themselves into some other parts of this Realme where they are not known, and so escape the due punish. ment which the said Statute did intend to inflict byon them: for remedy whereof, Be it ordained and enacted, That such Roques as shall after the end of two moneths nert after the end of this Sellion of Parliament, be adjudged, as afozesaid, incorrigible or dangerous, shall also by the judgement of the same Justices, or the more part of them then present, in their open Sessions of the Beace, bee heanded in the left shoulder with an hot barning Iron of the breadth of an English Milling with a great Romane R byon the Iron, and the branding upon the choulder to bee throughly burned, and let on byon the Chinne

An Act for continuance, &c. skinne and flesh, that the Letter R bee seene, and remaine for a perpetuall Marke byon Blassemen such Roque during his other life, and therebroughtwithin the companie of byon bee sent by the same Justices to the the Statute. place of his dwelling, if he haue any, is not, then to the place where heelast dwelt by the space of a yeere, if that can be knowne by his confession or otherwise: And if that cannot bee knowne, then to the place of his birth, there to bee placed in labour as a true Sub= iect ought to doe: And after such punish ment of any such Roque as aforesaid, if any Bogue so punished shall offend againe in begging or wandring contrary to the Caid Statute, or this present Act, That then in every such case, the party so offending wail bee judged a Felon, and chall cuffer as in Cales of Felony without benefit of Cler. gie, the same felony to be tried in the County where any fuch offender hall bee e die Ctaken. a finished as guidence of the state of the s

Anno

Anno primo Iacobi Regis.

An Act for the charitable reliefe and ordering of persons infected with the Plague.



Drasmuch as the Inhabi= tants of divers Cities, Boroughs, Townes corporate, . and of other Parishes and places being villted with the Plague, are found to bee bro able to relieue the poozer fort

of such people so infected, who of necessity must be by some charitable course prouided foz, lest they sould wander abroad, and thereby infect others: And foral much as di= vers persons infected with that disease, and others inhabiting in places infected, aswell pooze people and bnable to relieue them= selves, that are carefully provided for, as other which of themselves are of abilitie, being commanded by the Magistrate of officer, of 02 within the place where the Infection chall be, to keepe their houses, or otherwise to separate themselves from company, soz the auoiding of further Infection, do not. withstanding very dangerously and disorderly demeane them felues:

Bee it therefore enacted by the authoritie ě i i

2 3

An Act for the reliefe and

Tights of the reliefe of the ficke of the Plague.

of this present Parliament, That the Da= io2, Bailiffes, head Officers, and Judices of the Peace, of enery City, Bozough, Cown corporate, and places Priviledged, where any Maioz and Bailiffes, head Dfficers, or Austices of Peace are or thail bee, or any two of them, chall have power and aus thority from time to time, to tare and allelle all and every Inhabitant, and all Houses of habitation, Lands, Tenements and Heredis taments within the said Citie, Bozough, Cownecorporate, and piaces Printledged, or the liberties or precincts thereof, at such reasonable tares and paiments, as they shall thinke fit for the reasonable reliefe of such persons infected, or inhabiting in houses and places infected in the came Cities, Boroughs and Cownes corporate, and places priviledged, and from time to time leuie the same Taxes, of the goods of enery perfon refusing or neglecting to pay the said Taxes, by Warrant buder the Hand and Seale of the Paioz and Bailiffes, and head Offcers afozesaid, or two such Justices of Deace, to bee directed to any person of persons for the execution thereof. And if the party to whom such warrant is 02 shall be directed, wall not find any Goods to leup the same, and the party taxed, shall resuse to pay the same Tare, That then byon returne thereof the caid Maioz, Bailiffes, head Of. ficers ordering of persons infected.

Acers or Judices of Peace, or any two of them, shall by like warrant buder their hands and Seales, cause the same verson so taxed to bee arrested and committed to the Gaole, without Bayle oz Mainepzife, bntill he shall satissie the same taxation, and the

Arrerages thereof.

And if the Inhabitants of any such Cf. The Inhabs. tie, Bozough, Cowne corporate, or place tants unable priniledged, Mall finde themselnes bnable Infected. to relieue their said pooze infected persons. and others, as aforesaid, That then byon Certificate thereof by the Daioz, Bapliffe. head Officers, and other the laid Justices of Beace, or any two of them, to the Justices of Peace of the Countie of, or neere to the sayd Citie, Bozough, Towne corporate, or priviledged place so insected, or any two of them to be made, the faid Justices of, or neer the faid County or auxtwo of them, shall or may tare and allelle the Inhabitants of the Countie within fine miles of the fapo place Infected, at such reasonable and weekely Taxes and Rates as they thall thinke fit to be levied by warrant from any fuch two Justices of Peace, of, or neere the Countie, by fale of Goods, and in default thereof, by intvisionment of the body of the party taxed, as aforesayd.

And if any such Infection shall bee in any Bozough, Cowne corporate, or piutledged place.

An Act for the reliefe and

place, where there are oz hall be no Justices of peace, or in any Willage or Hamlet within any County, That then it hall and may bee lawfull for any two Justices of peace of the said County, wherein the said place infected ts or shall be, to tare and assesse the inhabitants of the said Countie, within fine miles of the land place infected, at luch reasonable weekely taxes and rates as they hall thinke sit for the reasonable reliefe of the said places infected, to bee leuied by warrant from the said Justices of Peace of the same County by fale of goods, and in default therof, by im= prisonment of the body of every partie so tared; as aforesaid: The same tares made by the faid Justices of Peace of the County, foz the reliefe of fuch Cities, Bozoughs, townes corporate, a places priviledged, where there areno Justices of Peace, to be disposed as they chall think fit. And where there are Ju-Aices of Peace, Then in such sort as to the Maior, Bailifs, head officers, a Justices of Peacethere or any two of them shall seeme sit a convenient. All which taxes and rates made within any such Citie, Bozough, town cozpozate, oz place pziuiledged, thalbe certifi= ed at the nert quarter Sessions to be holden within the same Citie, Bozough, Cowne copposate, or place priniledged; And the said Cares and Rates made within any part of the said County, chall in like sozt be certiffed ordering of persons infected.

tified at the next quarter Sellions to bee holden in and for the faid Countie, and that if the Justices of Peace at such quarter Sellious respectively, or the more part of them half thinke it fit, the faid tare or rate sould continue or be intarged; or extended to any other parts of the Countie, 02 others wife betermined, then the same to be so en larged, extended of determined, increased, of tared and leuted, in manner and forme afores said, as to the said Justices at the Quarter Sessions respectively wall be thought sit and convenient; And every Constable, and other Officer that shall wilfully make des fault in leuging such money, as they half be commanded by the said warrant or war= rants, shall forfeit for eurry fuch offence ten willings, to be employed on the charitable bles aforelaid: or grower from form, grand

And be it kurther enacted, That if any uninkectes person or persons infected, or being or dwel- manded to keep his house, ling in any house Infected, shall bee by the visoberce Maior, Bayliffes, Constable, or other head Officer of any Citie, Bozough, Towne Corporate, Priniledged place, or Market Comme, or by any Justice of Beace, Constable, Headvozough oz other Officer of the Countie, (if any such Infection be out of any Citie, Borough, Cowne Corporate, Priniledged place, or Market Towne) commanded or appointed; as aforesaid,

An Act for the reliefe and

to keepe his oz their house, for auoiding of further Infection, and shall notwithstand= ing wilfully and contemptusully disobey such direction and appointment, offering and attempting to breake and goe abroad, and to relift, or going abroad, and relifting fuch keepersoz watchmen as shall be avpointed, as aforesaid, to see them kept in, Chat then it chalve lawful for such watch= men, with violence to inforce them to keepe their houses. And if any hurt come by such enforcement to fuch disobedient persons, That then the said keepers, watchmen, and any other their alliftants, mall not bee impeached therefore. And if any infected personas afozesaid, so commanded to keepe house, shall contrary to such Commande ment, wilfully and contemptuoully go as broad, and chall converte in company, has uing any infectious Soze byon him bueured, That then such person and persons mall be taken, deemed, and adjudged as a Felon, and to suffer paines of death, as in case of felonie, But if such person shall not have any such soze found about him. Then for his said offence, to be punished as a Ulagabond in all respects should, or ought to be, by the Statute made in the nine and thirtieth yeere of the Reigne of our late Soue= reigne Lady Ducenc Elizabeth, for the punishment of Rogues and Tlagabonds, And

Infected perfons how Felons. ordering of persons infected.

And further to be bound to his oz their good

behausour foz one whole reere.

Plouided, That no attainder of felony by vertue of this acte, shall extend to any attainder or corruption of blood, or forfet: ture of any Goods, Chattels, Lands, Tenen

ments, or Dereditaments.

And bee it further enacted by the Author ritie aforeland, That it thall be lawfull for Justices of Peace, Maiors, Baylistes, and other head Officers aforelayd, to appoint within the seuerall Limits, Searchers, Attendants Watchmen, Examiners, Keepers, and Bu- poon the inriers for the persons and places respectives fected persons. ly, infected as aforelayd, and to minuter unto them Dathes for the performance of their Offices of Searchers, Examiners, Watchmen, Keepers, and Buriers, and give them other directions, as buto them for the viesent necessitie chall seeme good in their discretions. And this Acte to continue no longer then butill the end of the first Session of the next Parliament.

Plouided alwayes, and be it enacted by authority of this present Parliament, that no Maior, Bayliffes, head Officers, or any Justices of Peace, wall by force or pretext of any thing in this Acte contained, doe oz execute any thing before mentioned, with = The Uniin either the Aniverlities of Cambridge or urlities, Ca-Orfoed, of within any Cathedrall Church Churches, Caton, Colin-

02 the chefter.

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An Act for the reliefe, &c.

or the Liberties or Precincts thereof, in this Realme of England, or within the Colledges of Eaton or Winchester, But that the Licechancelloz of either of the Univerlities for the time being, within either of the same respectively, and the Bishop and Deane of such Cathedrall Church, or one of them, within such Cathedrall Church, and the Provostor Warden of either of the laid Colledges within the same, shall have all fuch power and authority, and hall doe and erecute all and enery such Act and Acts, thing and things in this Act before mentioned, within their severall Precincts. and Jurisdictions aboutsaid, as wholly absolutely, and fully to all intents and purpoles, as any Maioz, Bayliffes, head Officers, or Justices of Peace within their

cers, or Justices of Peace within their severall Precincts and Jurisdictions, may elsewhere by force of this Act doc and

execute.

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In Camera Stellata coram Concilio ibidem, vicesimo die Octobris, Anno Regni Reginæ Elizabethæ quadragesimo,&c.

Præsentibus,

Dño Cultod, Magni-Sigilli Anglia.

Dño North;

Dño Buckhurst.

Iohanne Fortescue milite Cancellar, Scaccarij,

Thoma Egerton mil. Archiepiscopo Cantuariens.

> Popham milite Capitali Iustic. de Banco Regis.

> Anderson milite Capitali Iustic. de Communi Banco.



1935 day Rice Griffin and Iohn Scrips were brought to the Barre, against rehome Edward Coke Co. squire, Her Watesties Attourney Generall, did ens sozme, That the faid Grif-

fin. had bulawfully erected and built one Tenement 13.3

Tenement in Hog-lane in the Countie of Middlesex, which he divided into two seuerall roomes, wherein were now inhabiting two pooze Tenants, that onely lived and were maintained by the reliefe of the Paris thioners there, and begging abroad in other places: And that the said John Scrips had in like sozt divided a Tenement in Shordich, into, 02 about seuenteene Tenancies 02 dwellings, and the same inhabited by divers per= cons of very pooze and base condition, con= trary to the intent and meaning of her Highnesse Proclamation, published and set out the seventh day of July 1580, in the two and twentieth peere of Her Highnesse Reigne, whereby the same, and such man= ner of buildings and dividions, arealtoges ther forbidden and prohibited, as by her-Maiesties said Proclamation more at large appeareth.

Moreover, her highnesse said Attourney further informed this Honourable Court, that sithence the said Proclamation, sundry Decrees have beene made and taken by this Court, as well for the procrating, pulling downe, and defacing of divers new buildings: as also for reformation of divisions of Tenements: All which not with standing, sundry wilful and desorbient persons, continue in their contemptuous maner of buildings and divisions: by meanes whereof,

the Starre-Chamber.

whereof, the citie of London, and Suburbs thereof, are ouercharged, and burdened with fundry forts of poore, beggerly, and euill difposed persons, to the great hinderance and oppression of the same; So as the Magi= Arates and Dfficers in and about the citie, to whom the execution of the aforesaid Decrees and Diders chiefly appertaineth. cannot performe and doe the came, accord, ing to the purport and tenour thereof: And in regard thereof: Her Highnes said Attour= ney humbly prayed, that the said Griffin and Serips might receive, and have inflicted on them, some condigne and sit punishment, and that at the humble petition of the Lord Maioz and Aldermen of the Citie of London, and other the Justices of Peace of the Countie of Middlesex and Surrey, the Court would be pleased to set downe and Decree, some last and generall Order in this and in all other like Cases of new buildings, and divisions of Tenements. Whereupon the Court gravely considering the great growing euils and inconveniences that continually breed and happen by thefenew erected Buildings and divisions made and divided contrary to Her Maiesties Caid Proclamation, and well weighing the rea= sons of the said Lord Maior and Aidermen of the laid city, and Judices of the Counties afozelaid in that behalfe, greatly tenozing the

the onerburdened and distressed cleate of the inhabitants that dwell in fundry the Parithes where the faid new buildings and diuided Tenements are, being for the most part but of small abilitie to beare and su-Kaine the great charge which is to grow there, by meanes of the pooze placed in fundry of the new erected and divided Tenements, Hauetherefore by the whole and ge= nerall confent of all the honourable presence here litting, hearing the accusations afores faid, and the anfweres, defences, and allegations of the said Griffin and Scrips, ordered and decreed, that the faid Griffin and Scrips, mall be committed to the prison of the fleet, and pay twentie pounds a piece for a fine to Her Maiectie. And as for the pulling downe, or reforming of any house new built or divided lithence and contrarie to the said Proclamation, within the Citie of London, or the compasso of three miles thereof, in which any pooze or Impotent persons now doe, or hereaster shall dwell or abide, for that if the same houses should be pulled downe, destroyed, or reformed, other Pabitations must bee provided for them at the charge of the Parithes where they be, 02 hall be dwelling. The Court doeth as petthink fit to forbeare and respit the doing thereof, and have ordered and adjudged that all and every such pooze and impotent persons,

the Starre-Chamber.

sons, which dwell or shall dwell a inhabite in any new buildings, or divided tenements erected & divided, contrary to the effect and intent of her Highnelle laid Proclamation, and are or chall in any wife be driven to live by begging, oz to be relieued by almes with= in the City of London, or any other place within the compasse of three miles thereof, shall and may during the time of his or their life oz lues, abide and dwell in the same, without giving or paying any maner of Rent service oz other recompence buto the Landlozds oz any other, foz, and in respect of the same, and not be thence removed, but= lesse they shall after become able to live of themselnes, And that the said Landlord, owner, or any other that claimeth Interest to, or for any Rent or Rents growing, ariling, or payable for any of the said new Buildings, oz diuided Tenements, so inhabited or to bee inhabited with poore people as aforesaid, thall hereby bee entoyned, and byon this Sentence and Decree, take susicient notice and war= ning, that hee or they doe not implead, encumber, disquiet, of molest any of the said pooze Tenants, fozany Rents, Couenants, Conditions, promiles or agreements, touch ing, or in any wife concerning the faid Te= nements, new buildings, or any of them, for the leaping of recovering of and Rent, seruice, or other consideration in lieu of any Rent.

Rent. And for that the new buildings and divisions of sundry houses, within the Citie of London and three miles compaffe thereof contrary to the tenozof the Caid Proclas mation, hath beene and is the occasion of great charges buto the Parishes of the said City and Precinct aforesaid, whereby the said Parishes are still overmuch burde= ned with pooze and inwotent persons, It is therefore Ordered and Decreed, That all such Landlords or owners of such Buildings or Divisions whersoever they should dwell, wall contribute and give such like ratable and reasonable allowance with the said Prichioners where such Buildings and divisions are, towards the finding and maintaining of the poore of the Parish in which such Buildings are, is, or shall bee erected or divided contrary to the faid Prox clamation, as hould bee apportioned and allotted him or them to pay, if he or they were dwelling in the said Parish.

And it is further Dedered and Wecreed by this honourable Court, that after the death of departure of such poore people as doe of thall inhabite the same houses or divided Tenements aforesaid, the houses thereby being become boid. Then the Lord Maior and Justices of Peace neere but the City adjoyning, hereby are commanded to resource the said divided Tenements, and to

profirate,

the Starre-chamber.

prostrate, pull downe and deface the same new buildings in such sort, as the same be no more left sit sortabitation, and the time ber and wood therofto be converted and disposed in such manner as by the said Proclamation is required: As also to take order in all other the premises, That this Decree be duely observed and kept: And if any shall be obstinate, then to binde such Landlords as that shall obstinately and wissuly disobey this sayd Decree, to appear in this Ponourable Court of Starre-chamber to answere their contempt therein.

This Decree was afterward read in the Court of Starre-Chamber the 29. of Nouember 1609. and then confirmed and straitly commanded by all the Lords present to be duely put in execution.

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to got the second of the secon already and the market management of the Detail treatments destroy by and the d gerl) willing transcentill to 1 100 AND AND POLITICAL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF and the other wife of the street of the beauty drops CONTRACTOR OF STREET signal in the police of the later armine the real series FINAL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE



In Camera Stellata coram Concilio ibidem, vice simo nono die Nouembris, Anno septimo Iacobi Regis.

Præsentibus,

Thoma Egerton milite Dño Ellesmere, Dño Canc. Ang:

Comite Sarum Dño Thesaurario Ang.

Comite Northampton.

Comite Exon

Dño Zouch.

Iul: Cæsare milite Cancellar. Scaccarij. Archiepiscopo Cant.

Fleming milite Capitali Iustic. de Banco Regis.

Coke milite Capitali. Iust. de com. Banc.

Yeluerton milit. Iustic. de Banc. Reg.

Williams milit. Iustic. de Banc. Reg.

Foster milite Iustic. de communi Banc.



his day Six Henry Montague, knight, Recorder of London enformed this most honorable Court, that where there have been divers Proclamations

tions as well in the time of our late Soue reigne Queene Elizabeth, as also lince his Maielties most happy Reigne, and also die uers Deders and Decrees taken in this ho nourable Court for the restraining and reforming of the multitude of new erected and divided Tenements, and taking in of Inmates, yet neverthelesse the same doe so daily increase and multiply in every place in and about this City of London and the Suburbs thereof, infinite number of people being pestered together breeding and nourithing Infection, so that the same tendeth to the great imminent danger of the governement and safety of this Citie, and consequently to the perill of his Daiesties Sacred person, the Ducenes Maiestie and their Royall Mue, and the Lozds of the Statehere ordinarily reliding, with many other great enormities, if the same brenot carefully and speedily preuented. And therefore it was humbly desired, that this honourable Court would reviue a Decree of this Court, made the twentieth day of October, in the fourtieth yeere of our laid late Soueraigne Ducene Elizabeth, taken and established for restraining and refor= ming of such new exected Buildings and divisions.

And that the said Decree might bee put in present execution for the speedy refor successful distribution of the commention

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the Starree Chamber.

on of the said enormities, wherepon the said Decree being openly read, this honourable Court, and all the whole Presence here slittings, takings bender ware and confideration of the Good and Safety of the said City, and gravely fore-seeing the imminent danger and euils which doe growe and increase, and doe chiefes ly arice through ouermuch neglect in due execution of those fozmer Pzoclama= tions. Decrees and ordinances which are not looked into as they ought to bee, Poeth therefore Decree and Order, that the said former Decree taken the said twentieth day of October in the said fortieth peere of our late Soueraigne be presently, and from time to time pereufter, more seuerely looked into, and put in execution.

And his Maiesties learned Councell, and also the Lord Maior, and Aldermen of Lonzdon, together with all Justices of Peace, and other his Maiesties Officers what soemer which the same may any way concerne, are hereby straitly charged and required, that they and enery of them doe from time to time hereafter diligently and strictly cause and see the said Pecree to bee in all points duely observed and put in execution, and Tearmely to make Tertificate to his

Ponous.

